2024

Edelman Trust Barometer

APAC Region Report



VOTE

DO NOT DUMP

Fukushima Radioactive Water

into the Ocean

No instion Day



2024 Edelman Trust Barometer

Methodology

Annual online survey in its 24th year

Fieldwork conducted: Nov 3 – Nov 22, 2023

28

32,000+

1,150+/-

Countries

Respondents

Respondents per country**

China	Indonesia
Canada	India
Brazil	Germany
Australia	France
Argentina	Colombia

Ireland Italy **Japan** Kenya **Malaysia** Mexico Netherlands Nigeria Saudi Arabia

Singapore

S. Africa
S. Korea
Spain

Sweden

Thailand

UAE UK U.S.

Data collected is representative of the general population across age, gender, region and ethnicity/nationality (where applicable) within each country.

Global averages

Unless otherwise indicated, global averages are composed of all 28 countries surveyed.

Statistical significance







Significant change

Indicates a statistically meaningful difference or change in the data that is unlikely to be due to chance or a random fluctuation.

All indicated year-over-year significant changes were determined using a t-test set at a 99%+ confidence level.

Shortened question text

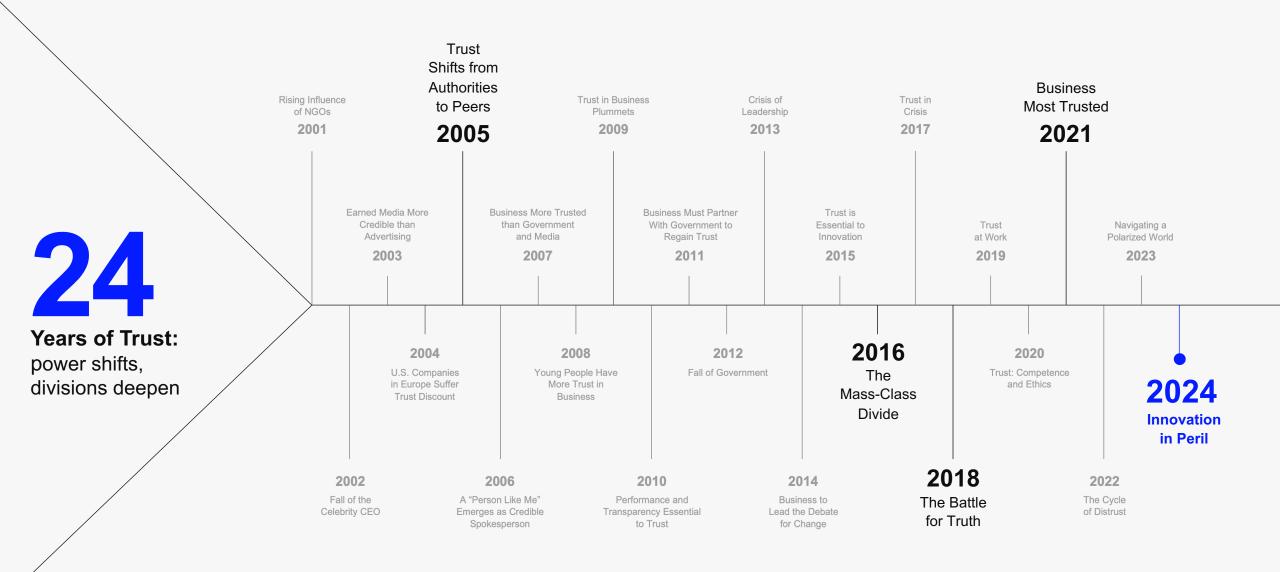
Throughout the report, question text has been edited for readability.

For more details on global averages, country-specific sample information, or to see the full text for any shortened statements, please see the Technical Appendix



^{**}The sample size varies by country from 1,109 to 1,500.

²⁸⁻market global data margin of error: General population +/- 0.7 percentage points (n=32,492)





A Global Referendum on Innovation in Society

Nov 2023 Jan 2023 Dec 2021 Jan 2024 100 million people log At COP 28, countries **Covid vaccinations** China's BYD on to Chat GPT in its commit to transition **Progress** save over 14 million outpaces Tesla to first two months away from fossil fuels become the world's lives in their first year largest producer of pure-electric vehicles 2024 What will Elections in lead society to 64 countries accept or reject 49% of the world's innovation? Jan 2024 May 2023 Nov 2023 population eligible July 2022 Carmakers warn **Pushback** Hollywood **Dutch Freedom Party** to cast their vote Beijing rescinds screenwriters and wins power in **protest** Donald Trump will hurt first vaccine electric vehicle of green mandates actors strike over mandates after transition if he tears studio use of 2 days of backlash up Inflation Reduction streaming and Al Act technologies



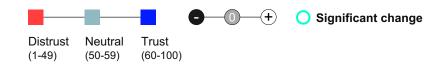
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Trust Index 2023 to 2024: APAC Countries Lead on Trust

Trust Index

(average percent trust in NGOs, business, government, and media)



2024 Trust Index among

Developing countries 63

Developed countries 49

2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. The Trust Index is the average percent trust in NGOs, business, government and media. TRU_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 28-mkt avg., and by developed and developing countries. Year-over-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.

Due to a translation inconsistency in France, the 2023 Trust Index has been imputed using a model. For more details, please see the Technical Appendix.

2023 **General population** Global 28 83 China Indonesia UAE India Saudi Arabia 66 Singapore 66 **Thailand** 63 Kenya 62 Malaysia 61 Mexico Nigeria 54 Netherlands 53 Brazil 52 Canada Colombia 50 Italy 49 Sweden Australia 48 48 Ireland U.S. 48 47 France S. Africa 47 46 Germany 44 Spain UK 43 42 Argentina 38 Japan S. Korea

General population 56 Global 28 79 China 76 India UAE **APAC** countries 73 Indonesia Saudi Arabia Greatest changes in 70 **Thailand** 68 Malaysia +7 S. Korea 67 Singapore 64 Kenya +6 Malaysia 61 Nigeria +5 59 Mexico Nigeria Netherlands +4 **Thailand** 53 Brazil +4 Canada **Australia Australia** China 50 Italy 49 S. Africa Colombia 49 Sweden UK 47 Colombia 47 France 47 Ireland 46 Spain 46 U.S. 45 Germany 43 S. Korea Argentina

UK now among

least-trusting countries

2024

39

Japan

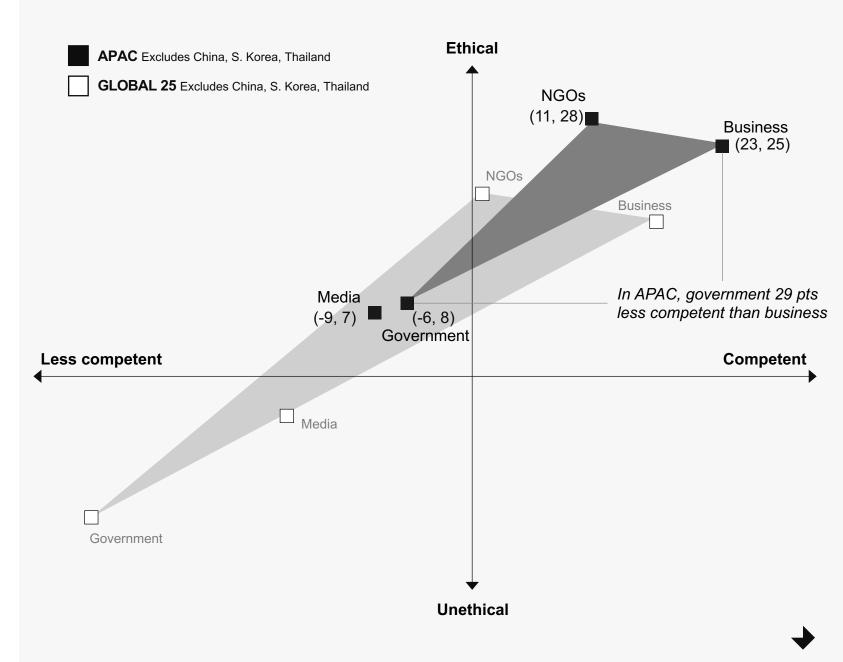
UK



In APAC, Institutional Imbalance Less Acute Compared to Global

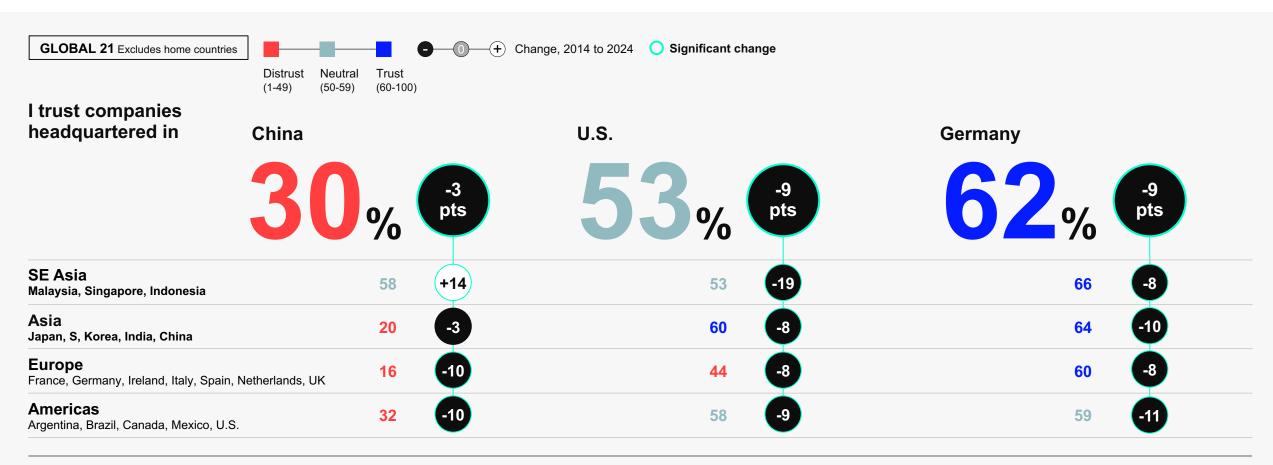
(Competence score, net ethical score)

2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. The ethical scores are averages of nets based on [INS]_PER_DIM/1-4. Media and NGOs were only asked of half the sample. The competence score is a net based on TRU_3D_[INS]/1. Media and NGOs were only asked of half the sample. General population, APAC region. Data not collected in China and Thailand; Due to a translation inconsistency in S. Korea, it has been excluded from this analysis. For full details regarding how this data was calculated and plotted, please see the Technical Appendix.



10-Year Shift: Less Trust for Companies Headquartered in Global Powers

Percent trust in companies headquartered in each country, among respondents from outside each country being rated





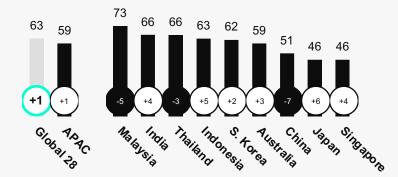


Establishment Leaders Not Trusted to Tell Us the Truth

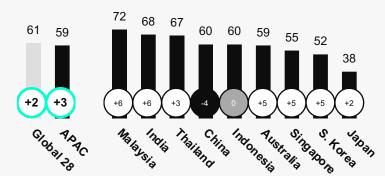
Percent who worry



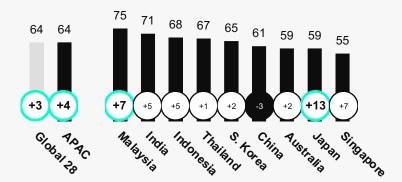
Government leaders



Business leaders



Journalists and reporters

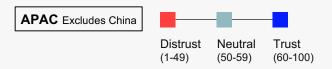


are purposely trying to mislead people by saying things they know are false or gross exaggerations

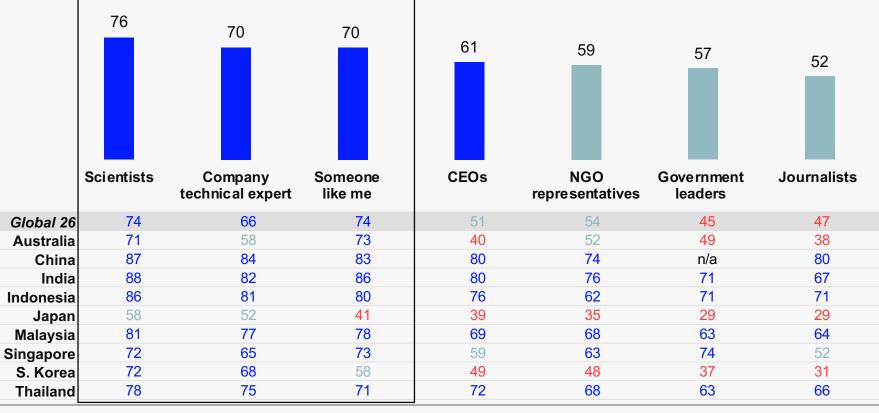


Dispersion of Authority: Peers on Par With Scientists and Experts

Percent trust



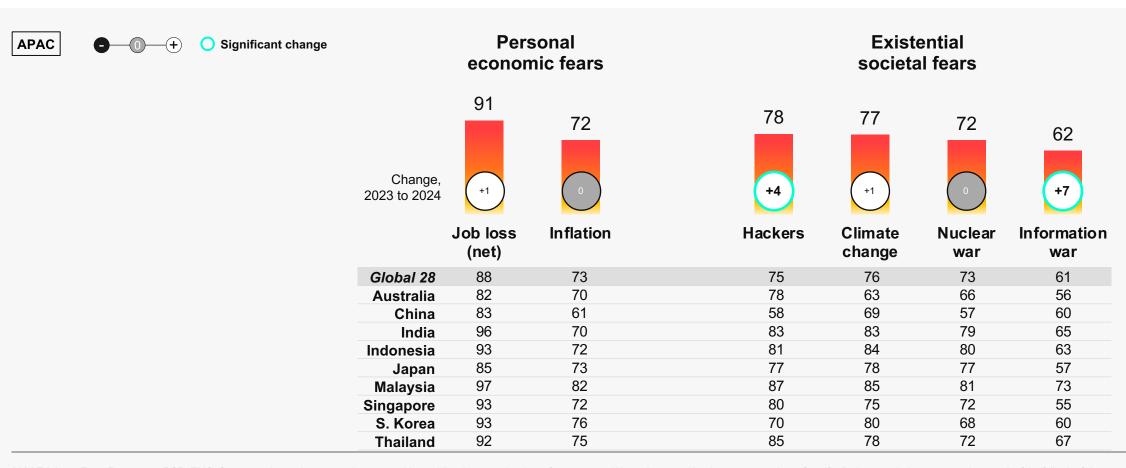
I trust each to tell me the truth about new innovations and technologies





Economic Fears Persist as Societal Concerns Rise

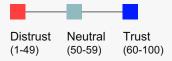
Percent who worry about...





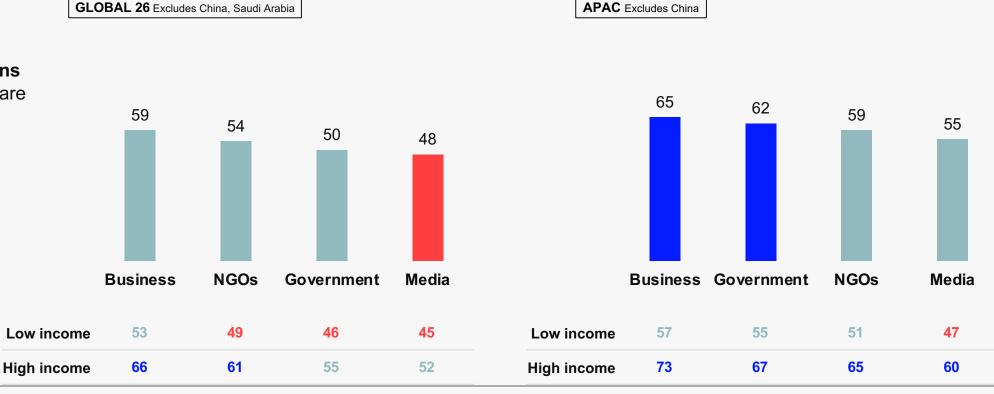
Trust Imbalance: In APAC Business and Government Most Trusted to Integrate Innovation into Society – But This Must Be Inclusive

Percent trust



I trust each with the introduction of innovations into society, ensuring they are

- Safe
- Understood by the public
- Beneficial
- Accessible



2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_INS_TCNG. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right when it comes to ensuring that the introduction of new technologies and innovations into society is well-managed (e.g., they are safe, understood by the public, beneficial to society as a whole, and accessible to the people who need them). 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half the sample. General population, 26-mkt avg., APAC region, and by income. Data for "Government" and "Media" not collected in China.

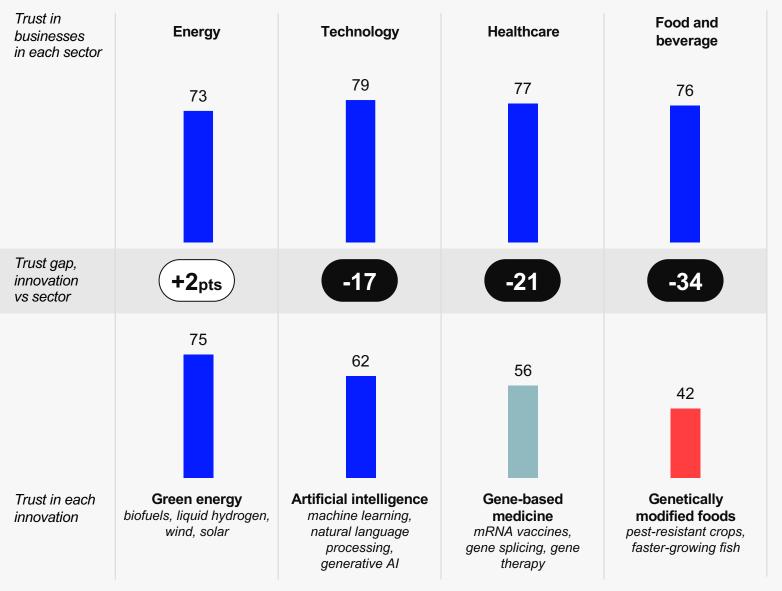


Trust in Industry Sectors Does Not Guarantee Trust in Industry Innovations

Percent trust, in APAC



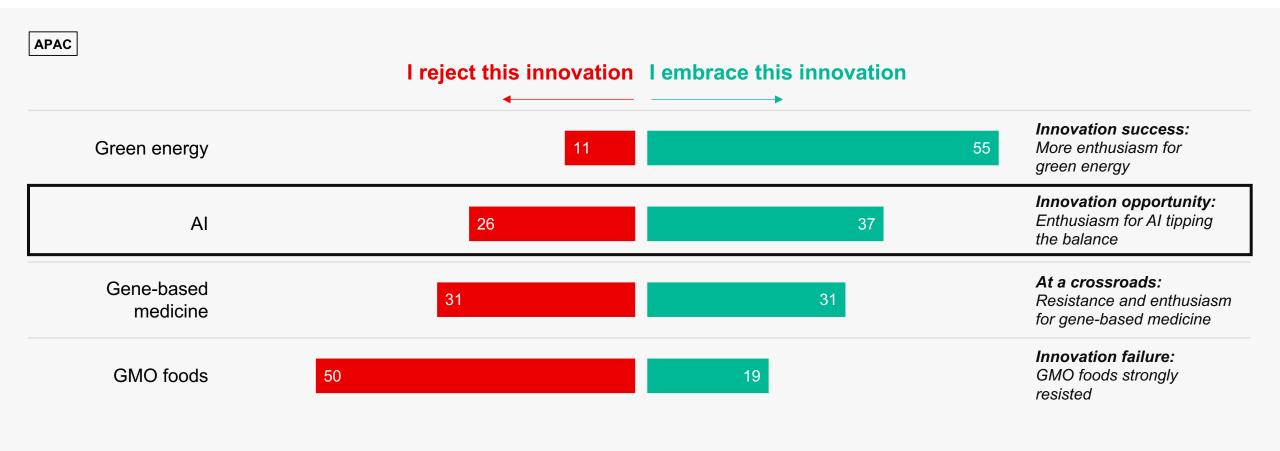
2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_IND. Please indicate how much you trust businesses in each of the following industries to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half the sample. TEC_TRU. How much do you trust each of these technologies? 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half the sample. General population, APAC region and 28-mkt avg.





Acceptance of Innovation at Stake

Percent who say, in APAC





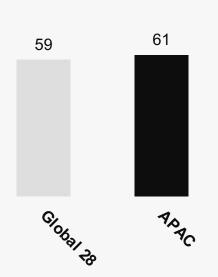


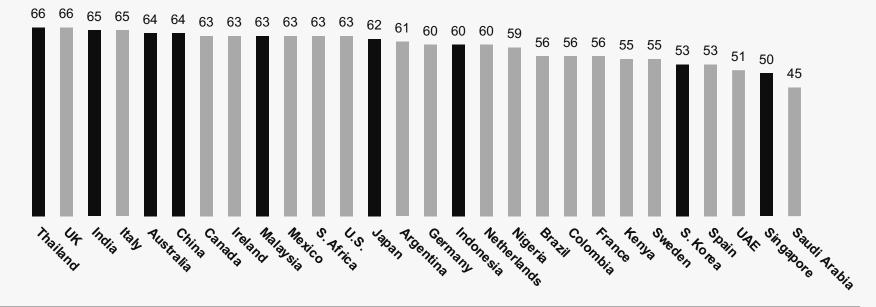
Government Lacks Competence to Regulate Emerging Innovations

Percent who say this is true

Government regulators lack adequate understanding of emerging technologies to regulate them effectively

At least 1 in 2 across all APAC countries say government not regulating well



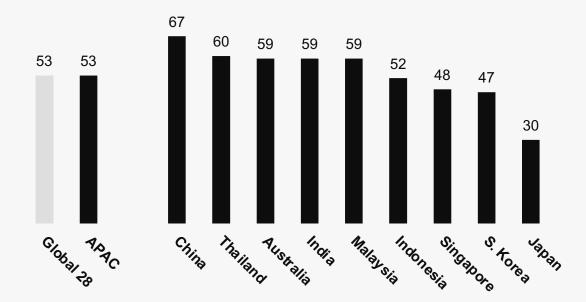




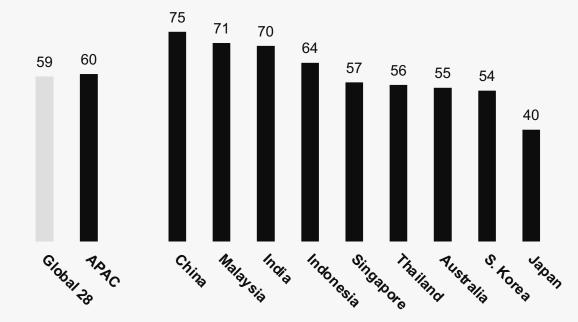
Concerned Government Has Too Much Influence on Science

Percent who agree

Science has become politicised in this country



Government and organisations that fund research have **too much influence** on how science is done





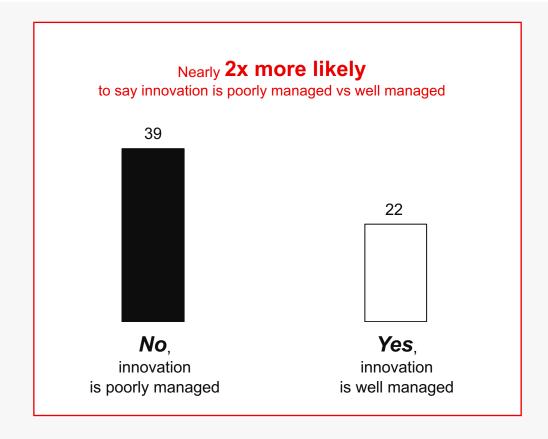
Globally, Nearly 2x More Likely to Fear Innovation Poorly Managed

On average, percent who say

GLOBAL 28

In thinking about innovation -

- Do I trust how business and NGOs introduce innovations into society?
- Can government regulate new technologies?
- Is science independent of politics and money?

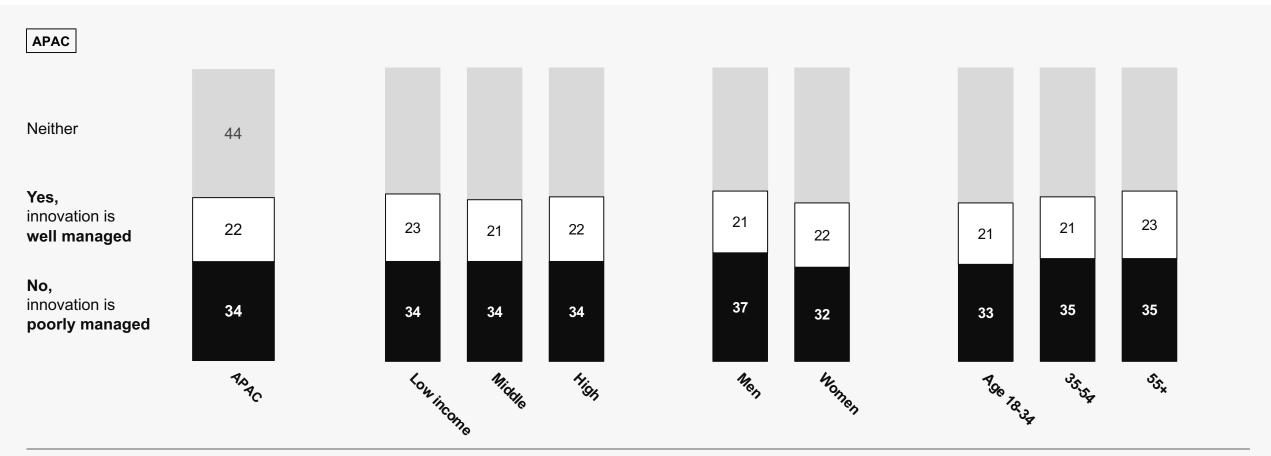






In APAC, Concern Innovation is Mismanaged Shared Across Income, Gender, and Age

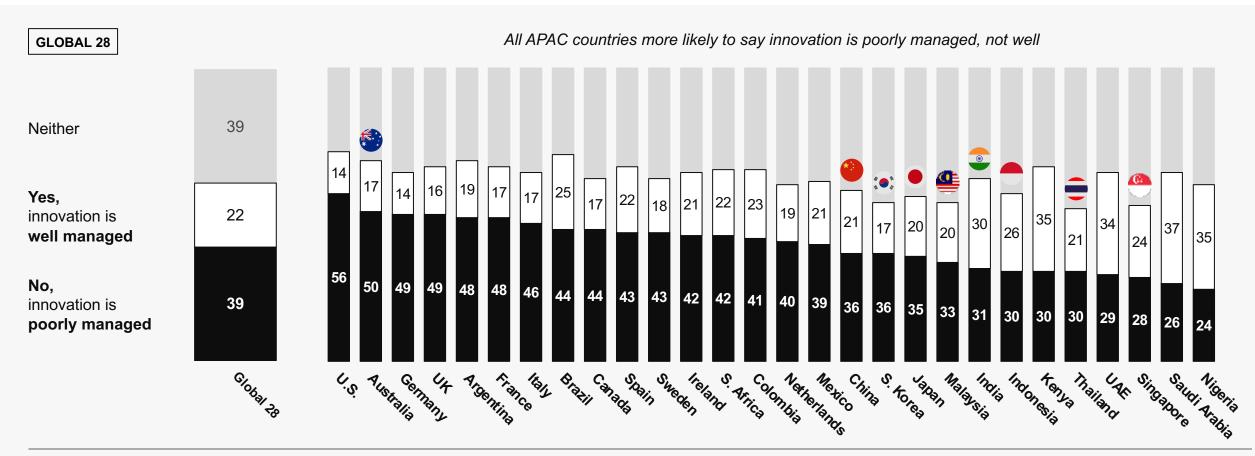
On average, percent in APAC who say





Nearly All Countries More Likely to Believe Innovation is Mismanaged Rather Than Well Managed

On average, percent who say



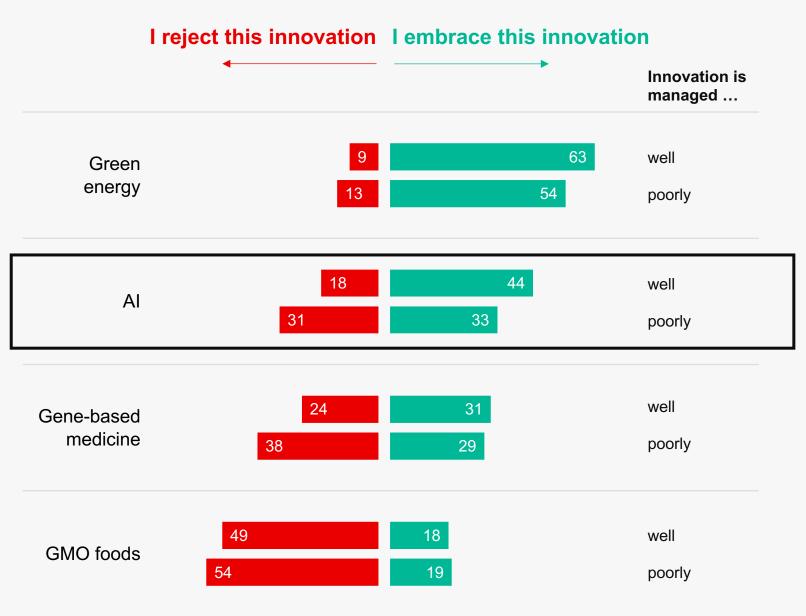


When Institutions Mismanage Innovation: More Rejection, Less Enthusiasm for Emerging Technologies

Percent who say, in APAC

APAC

2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. CHG_TEC_COM. How would you characterize your feelings about each of the following? 5-point scale; bottom 2 box, resistant or hesitant = reject; top 2 box, enthusiastic or passionate = embrace. General population, APAC region, by the innovation management scale. For a full explanation of how the Innovation Management Scale was developed, please see the Technical Appendix.

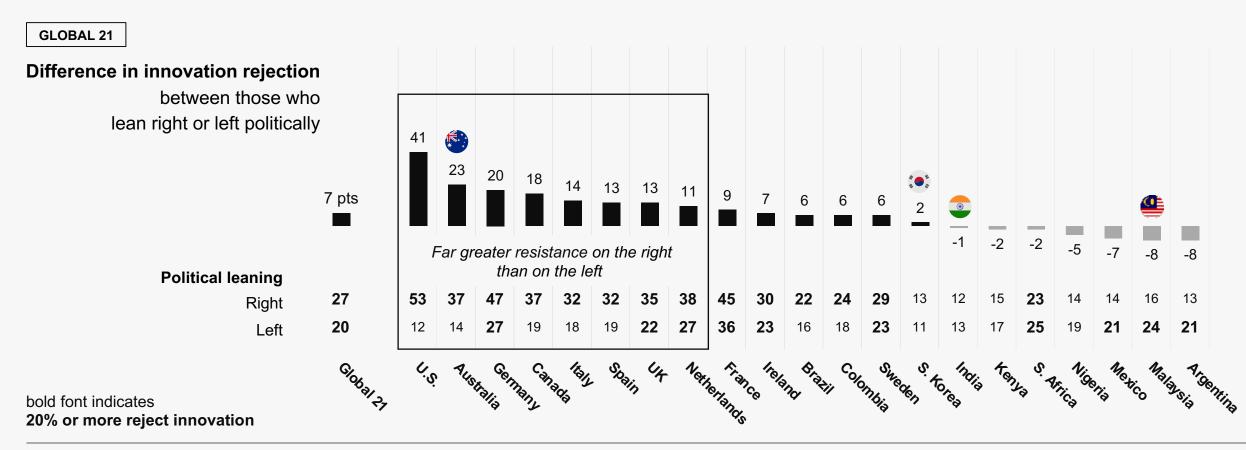




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In Many Countries, Resistance to Innovation Is Political

Percent of respondents who reject innovation, based on their individual average acceptance rating across green energy, AI, gene-based medicine, and GMO foods



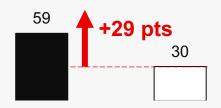


When Institutions Mismanage Innovation, We Feel Both Technology and Society Are Leaving Us Behind

Percent who say

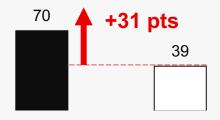
APAC

Technology is changing too quickly, in ways that are not good for people like me



Innovation is... poorly managed well managed

Our society is changing too quickly and not in ways that benefit people like me



poorly managed well managed

Global 28	54	32 +22 pts	69	42 +27 pts
Australia	65	n/a	73	n/a
China	70	21	72	22
India	73	39	82	46
Indonesia	46	18	65	27
Japan	44	28	59	35
Malaysia	48	24	65	43
Singapore	73	40	82	45
S. Korea	45	n/a	59	n/a
Thailand	70	35	73	47

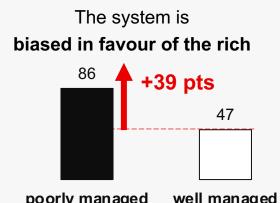
2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. POP_MDC. Below is a list of statements. For each one, please rate how true you believe that statement is using a nine-point scale where one means it is "not at all true" and nine means it is "completely true". 9-point scale; top 4 box, true. General population, 28-mkt avg. and APAC region, by the innovation management scale. For a full explanation of how the Innovation Management Scale was developed, please see the Technical Appendix.



When Institutions Mismanage Innovation, Fairness and Capitalism in Question

Percent who say

APAC



Capitalism as it exists today does more harm than good in the world



well managed

Innovation is	poorly managed	well managed	poorly managed

Global 28	82	53	+29 pts	57	40	+17 pts
Australia	86	n/a		59	n/a	
China	85	24		74	39	
India	91	46		73	45	
Indonesia	93	64		72	47	
Japan	82	41		43	13	
Malaysia	89	41		76	51	
Singapore	81	30		63	28	
S. Korea	80	n/a		39	n/a	
Thailand	92	65		76	43	

2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. POP_MDC. Below is a list of statements. For each one, please rate how true you believe that statement is using a nine-point scale where one means it is "not at all true" and nine means it is "not at all true" and nine means it is "completely true". 9-point scale; top 4 box, true. TMA_SIE_SHV. Please indicate how much you agree or disagree with the following statements. 9-point scale; top 4 box, agree. Attribute asked of half the sample. General population, 28-mkt avg. and APAC region, by the innovation management scale. For a full explanation of how the Innovation Management Scale was developed, please see the Technical Appendix.





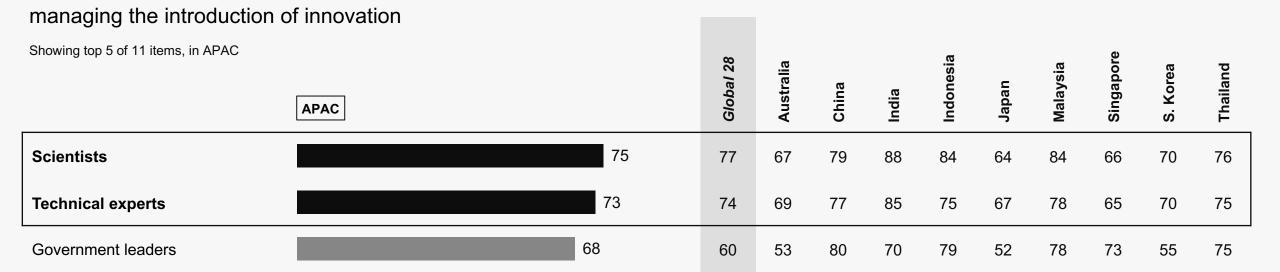
Scientists and Experts Expected to Lead on Implementation of Innovation

Percent who say

Central government leaders

Academics, educators

I believe each **should have a big role** in

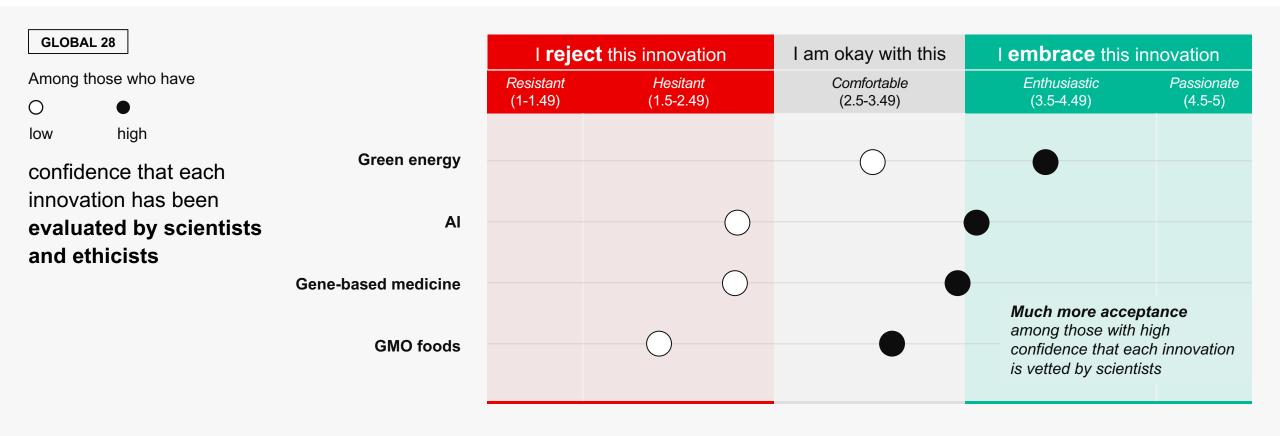




To Earn My Acceptance, Show Me the Innovation Is Vetted by Scientists and Ethicists

Average acceptance rating

for each innovation

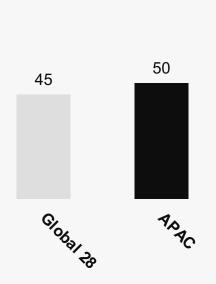


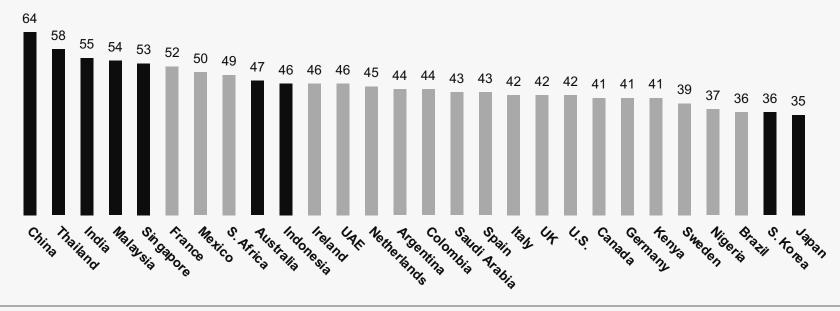


Make the Science Transparent and Accessible to the Public

Percent who agree

Scientists do not know how to communicate with people like me

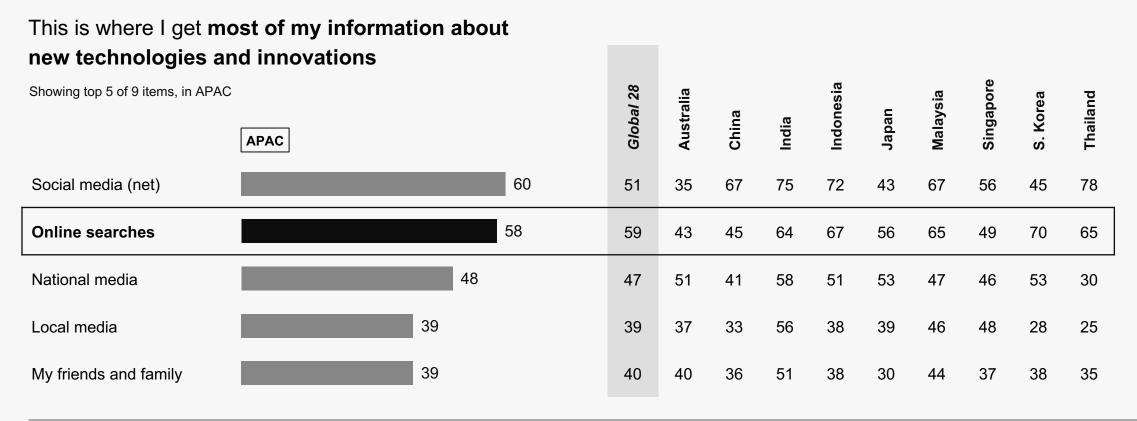






I'm Doing My Own Research: Help Me Find Information I Can Trust

Percent who say





To Be Trusted With Innovation, Be Transparent and Give Me a Voice

Percent who say this is **important** to earning or keeping their trust in each institution to be good managers of change, showing the top 3 actions in APAC

Across most institutions, listening and communication are top trust-building actions within APAC

Business	Global 28	APAC
Keep innovations affordable	84	83
Communicate pluses and minuses	83	82
Work with government to develop regulations	80	81

NGOs	Global 28	APAC
Aid the vulnerable	79	79
Help people keep up	78	77
Hear our concerns, let us ask questions	78	77

Government	Global 28	APAC
Communicate pluses and minuses	80	80
Ensure our future prosperity	80	80
Hear our concerns, let us ask questions	82	80

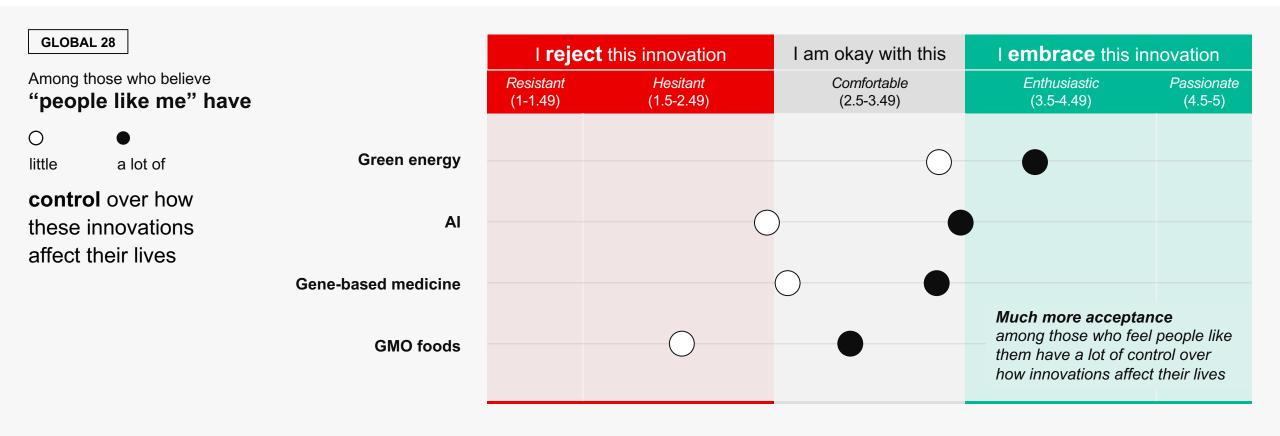
Media	Global 28	APAC
Communicate pluses and minuses	81	81
Investigate innovations	80	81
Hear our concerns, let us ask questions	81	80



To Earn My Acceptance, Give Us Control Over the Impact of Innovations

Average acceptance rating

for each innovation







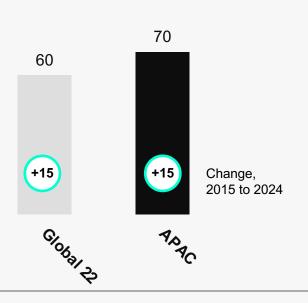
Over Past Decade, Demand for Business-Government Partnership on Innovation Surges

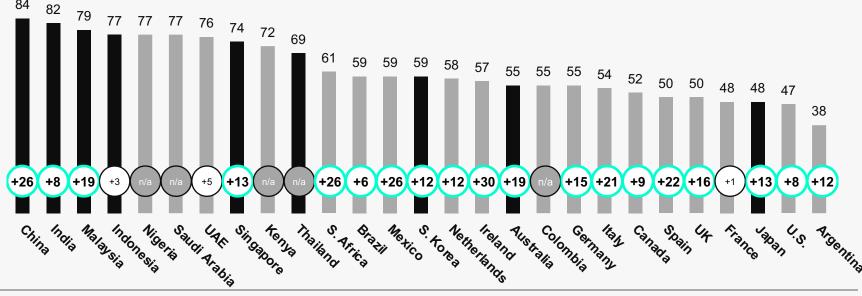
Percent who say





If business partners with government,
I would trust it more with technology-led changes



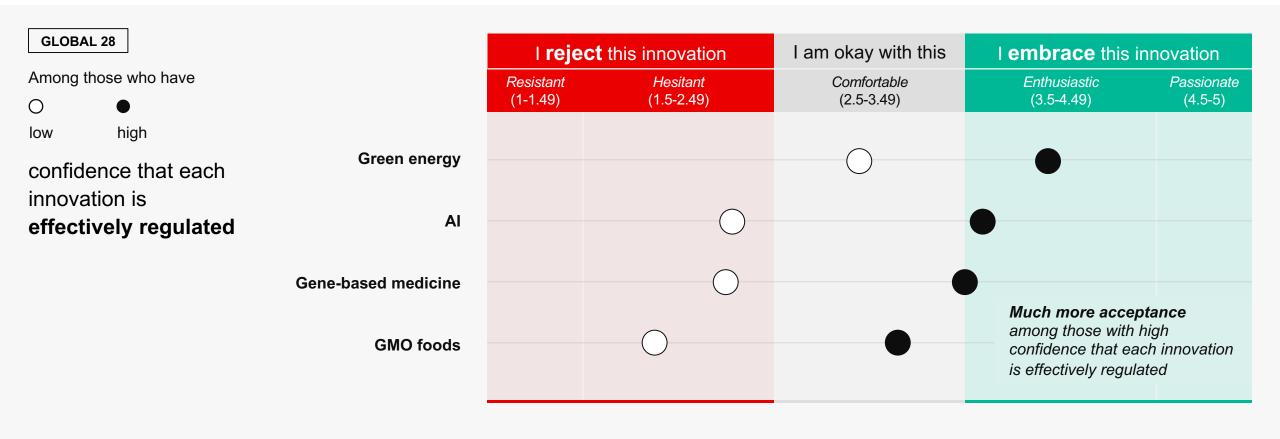




Confidence in Effective Regulation Drives Adoption

Average acceptance rating

for each innovation





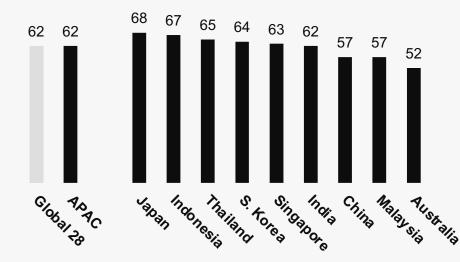
CEOs: Address Impacts of Innovation in Society

Percent who say

Global 28



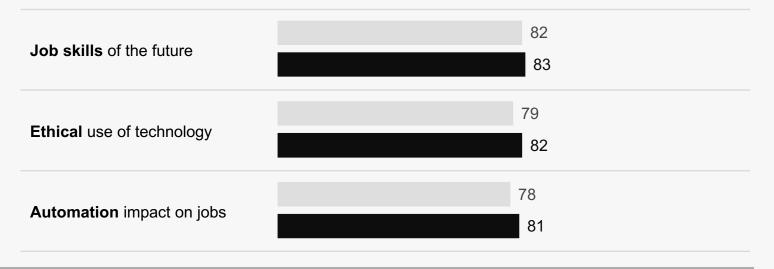
I expect CEOs to manage changes occurring in society, not just those occurring in their business



Among employees,

It is important to me that

my CEO speaks publicly about issues such as:

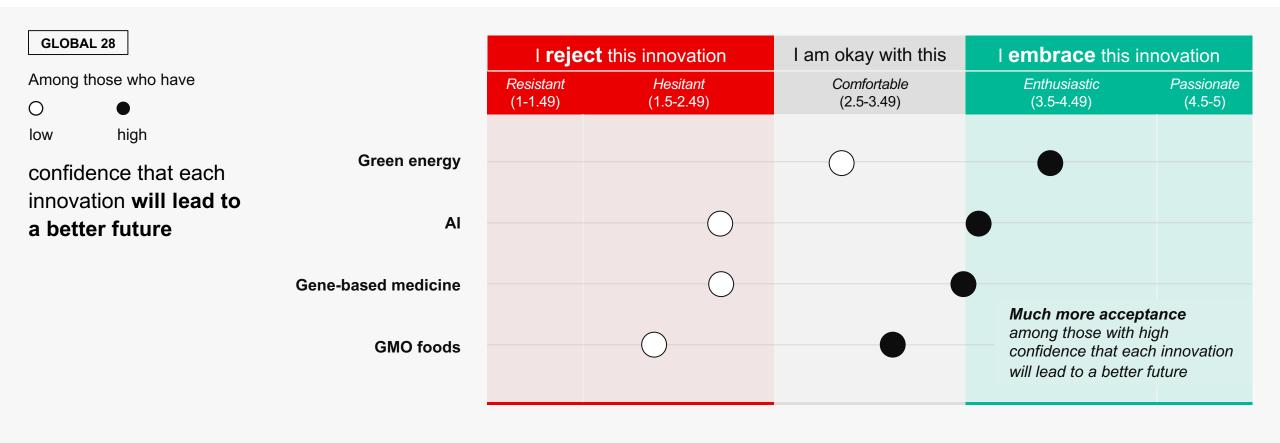




Show Me How Innovation Will Bring Us a Better Future

Average acceptance rating

for each innovation





Restoring Trust in the Promise of Innovation

1

Implementation as important as invention

Mismanaged innovations are as likely to divide as advance society. With breakthroughs like AI, vaccines, and green energy on the line, explaining the science and managing impact is essential.

2

Business and Government must urgently partner

Business is most trusted to introduce innovation into society, but this will be more effectively achieved in partnership with government. CEOs must demonstrate the broader societal impact innovation brings.

3

Science must integrate with society

Scientists are still trusted—but increasingly subject to public scrutiny. To build trust in expert recommendations, explain the research, engage in dialogue, and harness peer voices as advocates.

4

Give me control over my future

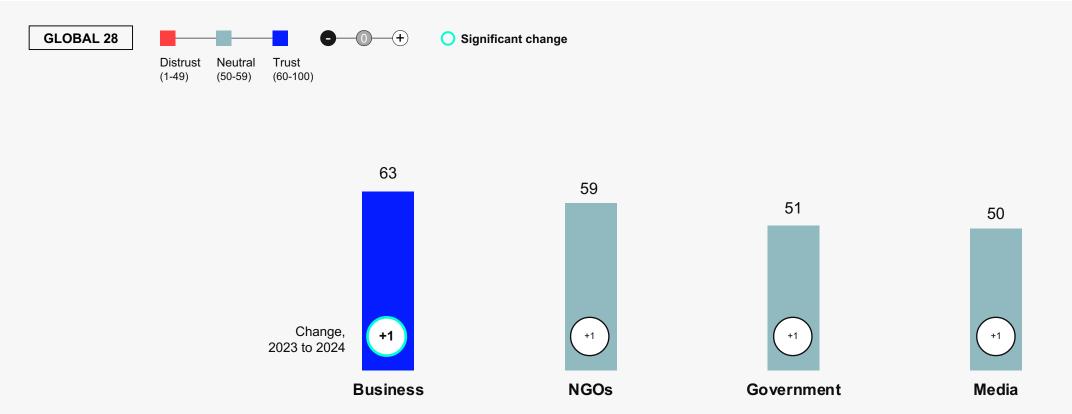
When people feel in control over how innovations affect their lives, they are more likely to adopt them, not resist them. Listen for concerns, be open to questions.





Business Remains Only Trusted Institution

Percent trust

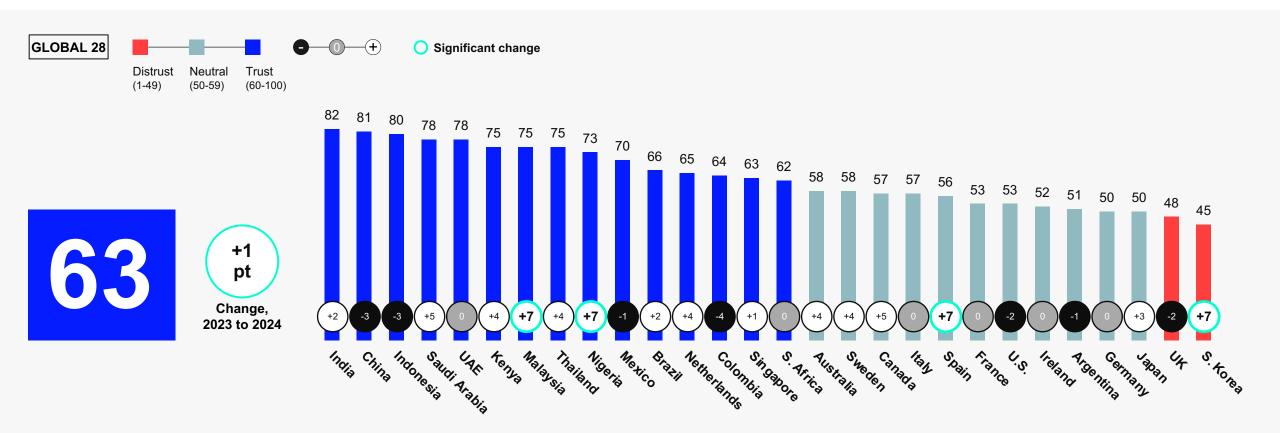


2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 28-mkt avg. Year-over-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.



Business Trusted in 15 of 28 Countries

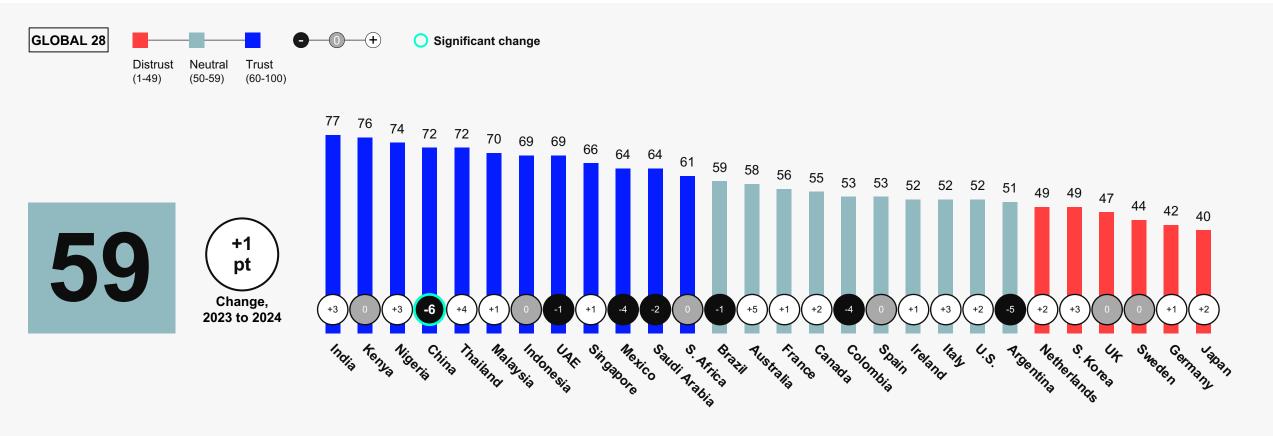
Percent trust in business





NGOs Trusted in 12 of 28 Countries

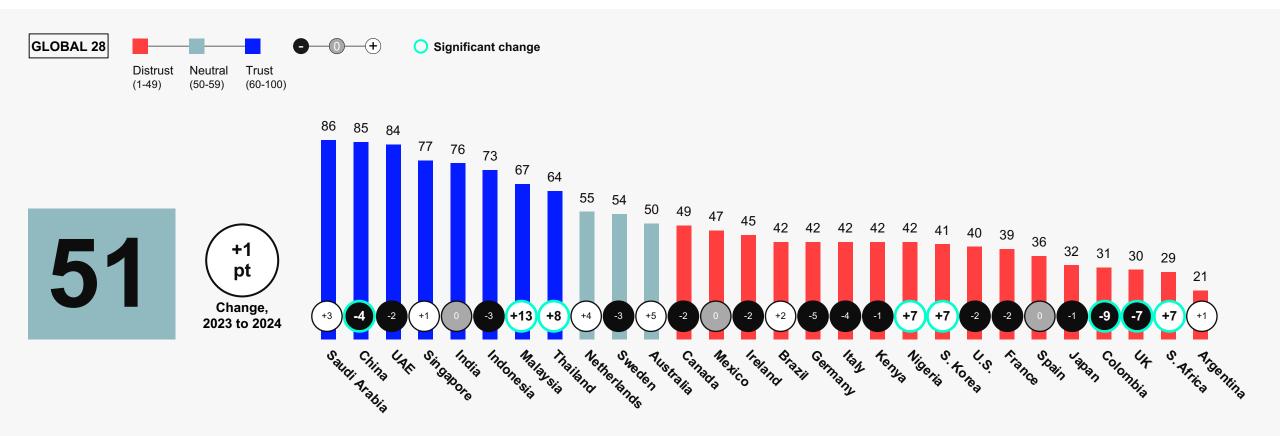
Percent trust in NGOs





Government Distrusted in 17 of 28 Countries

Percent trust in government

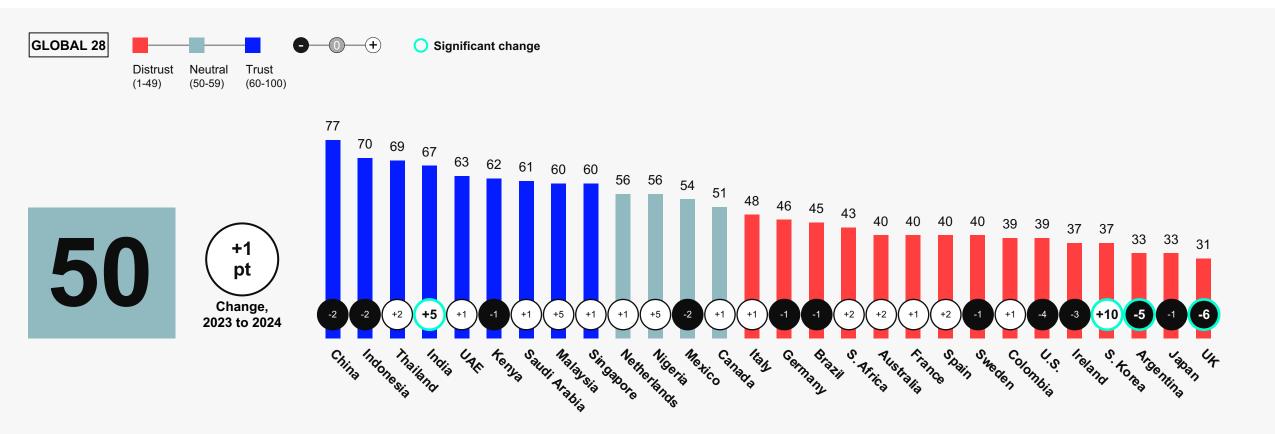


2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 28-mkt avg. Year-over-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.



Media Distrusted in 15 of 28 Countries

Percent trust in media

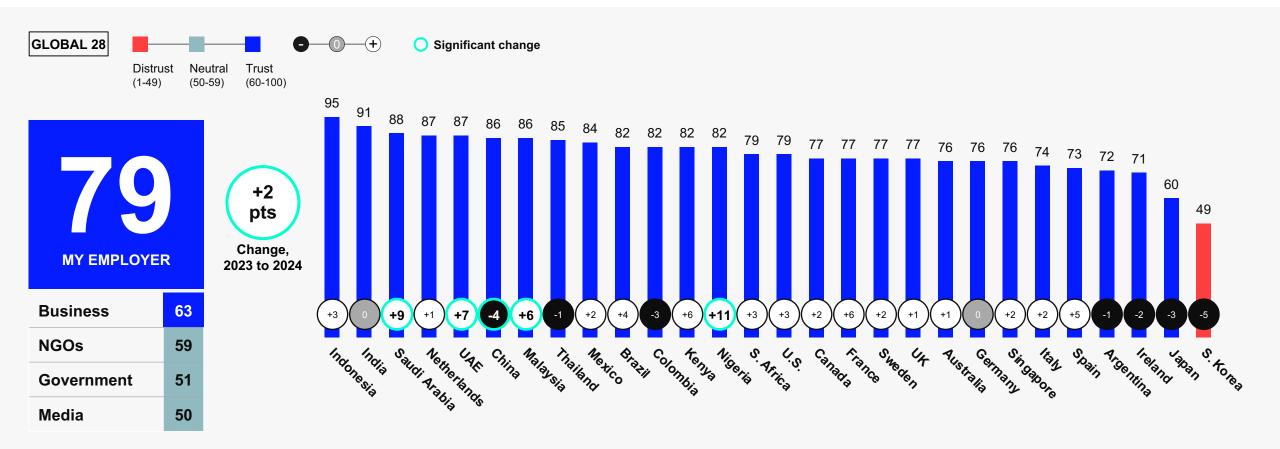






My Employer Trusted in 27 of 28 Countries

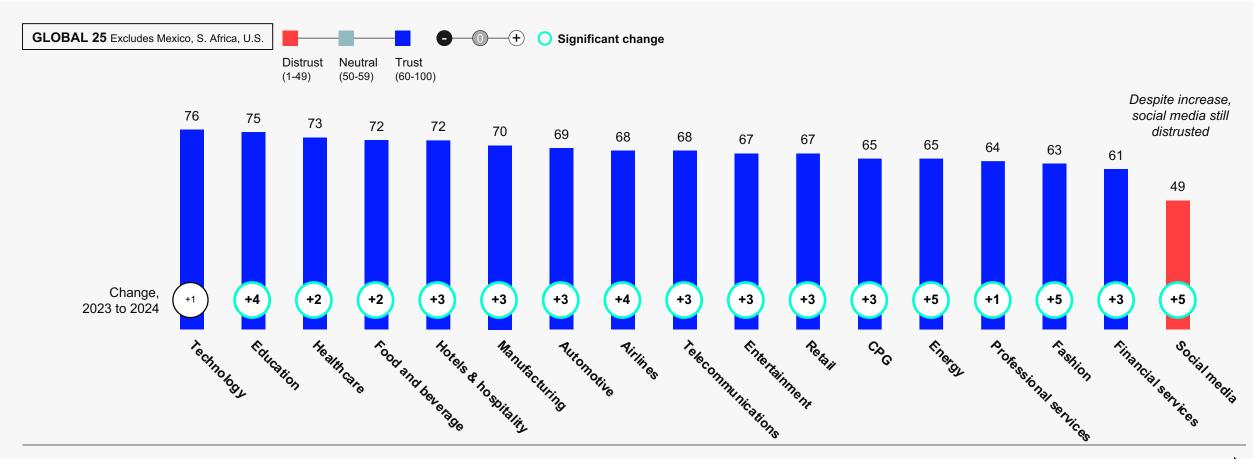
Percent trust





Significant Trust Increases Across Most Industry Sectors

Percent trust in businesses in the following industries to do what is right



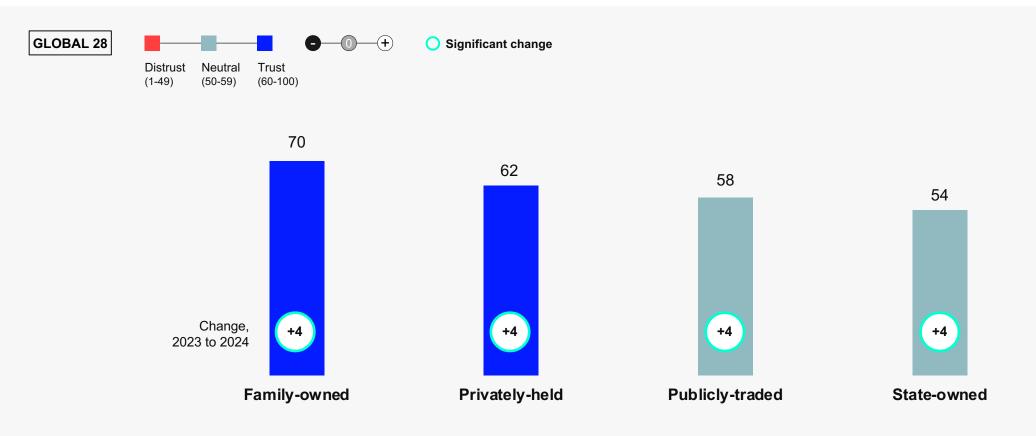
2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_IND. Please indicate how much you trust businesses in each of the following industries to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half the sample. General population, 25-mkt avg. Year-over-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.



In S. Africa, the Afrikaans translation for "Food and beverage" was updated in 2024. In Mexico and the U.S., the Spanish translation for "Automotive" was updated in 2024. These language changes mean the 2024 data cannot compared to data from previous years and have been removed from this analysis for all sectors to ensure a consistent global average is shown for each.

Family-Owned Businesses Most Trusted

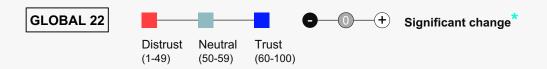
Percent trust in each type of business to do what is right





Family-Owned Business Most Trusted Type of Business

Percent trust in each type of business to do what is right

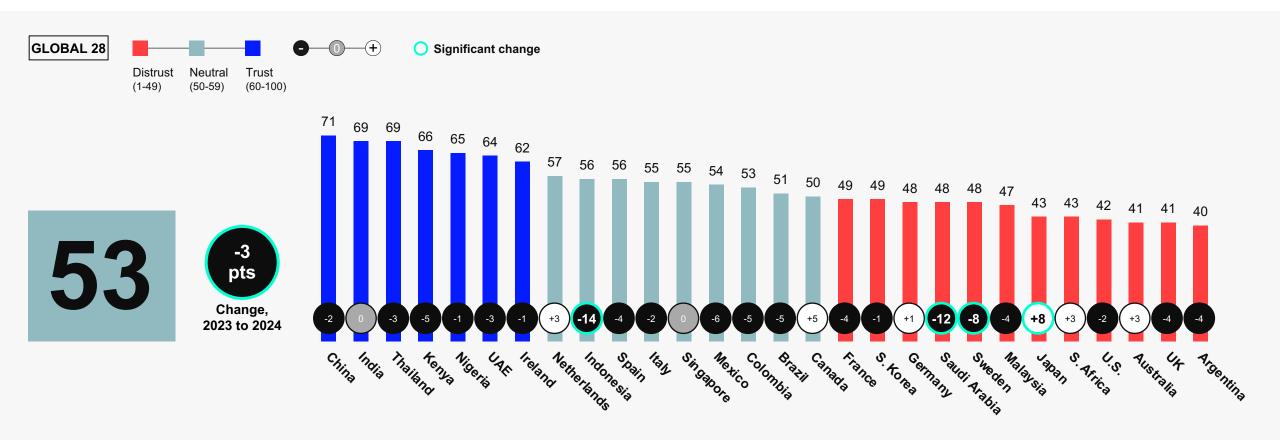


	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	10yr change
Family-owned	70	66	68	70	-	70	69	63	67	66	68	-2
Privately-held	57	53	56	58	-	60	59	55	57	56	60	+3*
Publicly-traded	55	49	52	56	-	58	58	53	55	53	56	+1*
State-owned	49	44	47	53	-	56	52	50	51	49	53	+4*



European Union Distrusted in 12 of 28 Countries

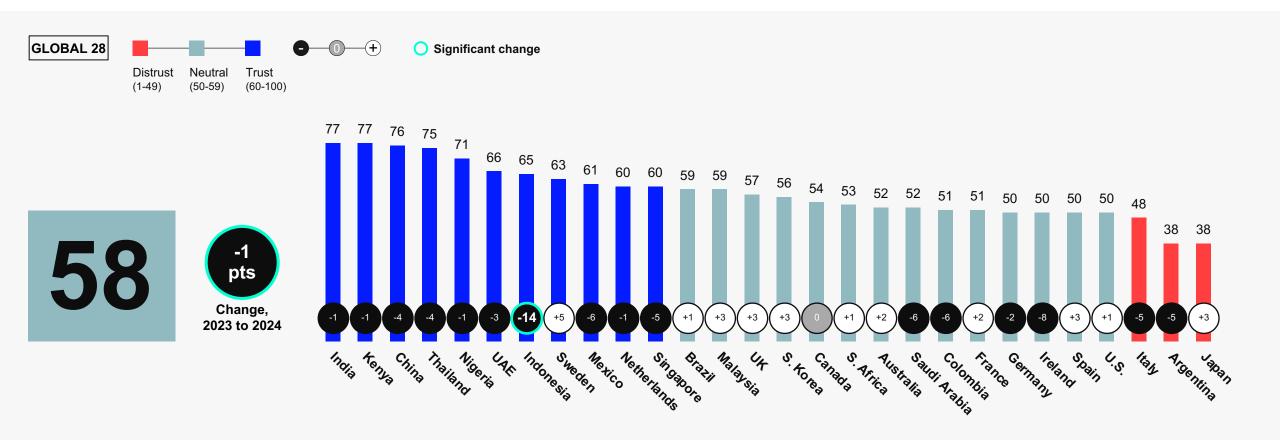
Percent trust in the European Union





United Nations Trusted in 11 of 28 Countries

Percent trust in the United Nations

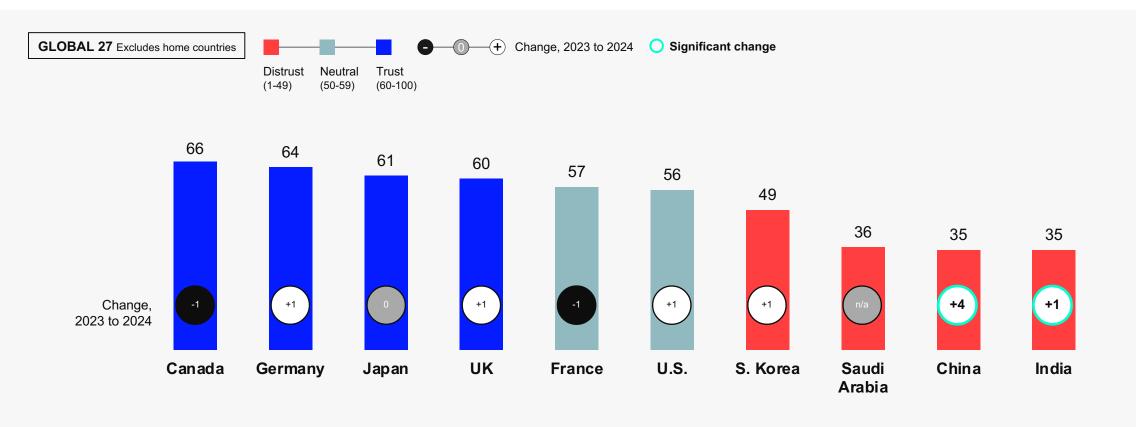






Trust in Companies Headquartered in Foreign Countries

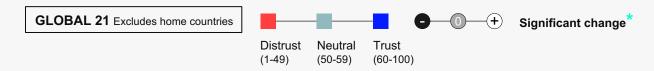
Percent trust in companies headquartered in each country, among respondents from outside each country being rated



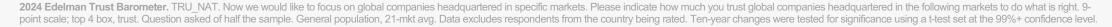


10-Year Trend: Trust in Companies Headquartered in Foreign Countries

Percent trust in companies headquartered in each country, among respondents from outside each country being rated



	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	10yr change
Canada	69	64	67	69	70	70	69	66	65	65	64	-5*
Germany	71	65	65	66	65	70	69	65	64	61	62	-9*
Japan	64	59	60	61	61	68	66	59	57	58	59	-5*
UK	68	62	64	63	60	66	63	57	57	56	57	-11*
France	60	54	56	58	58	62	58	56	56	56	55	-5*
U.S.	62	58	58	57	51	55	52	49	52	51	53	-9*
S. Korea	44	40	43	45	43	48	45	47	44	46	47	+3*
Saudi Arabia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	n/a
India	30	27	30	31	31	37	35	33	31	31	32	+2*
China	33	31	32	33	34	36	34	31	27	26	30	-3*



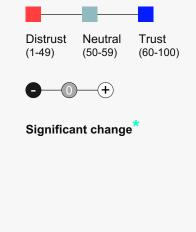


10-Year Trend: Trust in Companies Headquartered in China

Percent trust in companies headquartered in China

Among those in	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	10yr change
Global 21 (excl. China)	33	31	32	33	34	36	34	31	27	26	30	-3*
Argentina	56	51	45	45	44	51	48	42	36	35	33	-23*
Australia	23	22	24	23	25	26	20	31	19	12	18	-5
Brazil	54	52	53	56	48	54	55	37	33	38	41	-13*
Canada	23	22	24	20	25	30	19	17	13	13	16	-7*
Colombia	-	-	51	56	53	57	59	44	36	43	45	n/a
France	19	19	20	20	25	24	20	18	13	12	15	-4
Germany	20	16	15	18	20	22	20	17	12	12	14	-6*
India	47	47	49	45	42	49	60	47	37	29	42	-5
Indonesia	58	59	51	61	64	64	56	53	58	57	63	+5
Ireland	26	15	19	19	18	24	20	17	21	19	15	-11*
Italy	25	28	26	31	29	29	28	25	20	19	20	-5
Japan	5	3	5	6	7	8	8	6	7	5	6	+1
Kenya	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	46	50	51	62	n/a

Among those in	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	10yr change
Malaysia	45	42	39	43	46	47	48	49	53	50	62	+17*
Mexico	54	47	55	53	53	59	60	59	48	48	57	+3
Netherlands	32	31	29	31	33	32	24	26	19	14	14	-18*
Nigeria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	55	68	n/a
Saudi Arabia	-	-	-	-	-	69	62	55	57	56	62	n/a
Singapore	31	26	23	31	34	36	35	44	42	44	48	+17*
S. Africa	36	37	36	35	32	40	40	31	28	38	45	+9*
S. Korea	18	22	28	21	16	21	16	15	8	7	14	-4
Spain	32	25	28	31	30	32	31	22	20	16	21	-11*
Sweden	26	22	22	20	24	-	-	-	-	13	14	-12*
Thailand	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	63	66	63	64	n/a
UAE	49	51	55	46	61	57	58	47	53	55	65	+16*
UK	28	22	20	27	25	28	19	18	15	14	13	-15*
U.S.	22	19	25	29	26	29	22	26	18	20	14	-8*

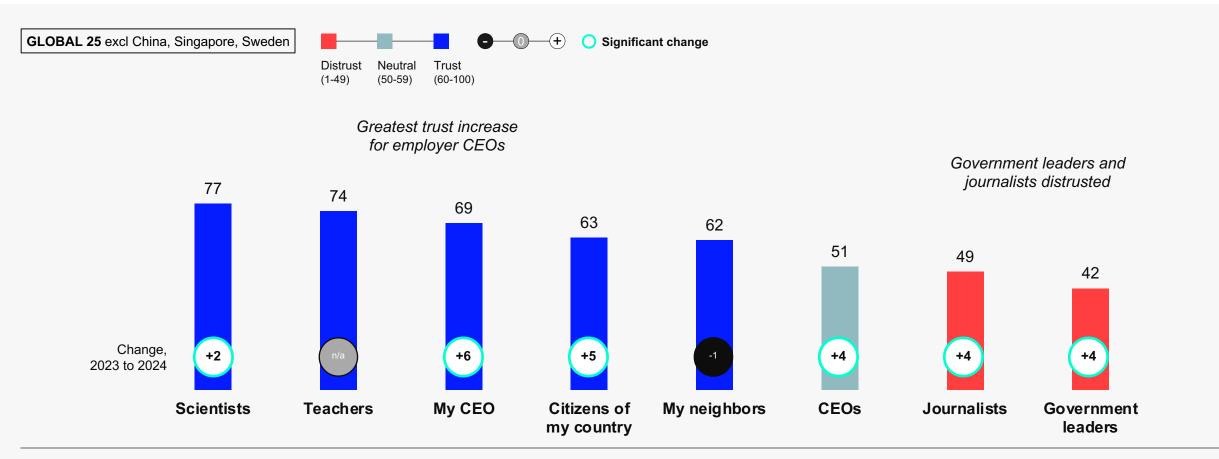






Trust in People

Percent trust to do what is right



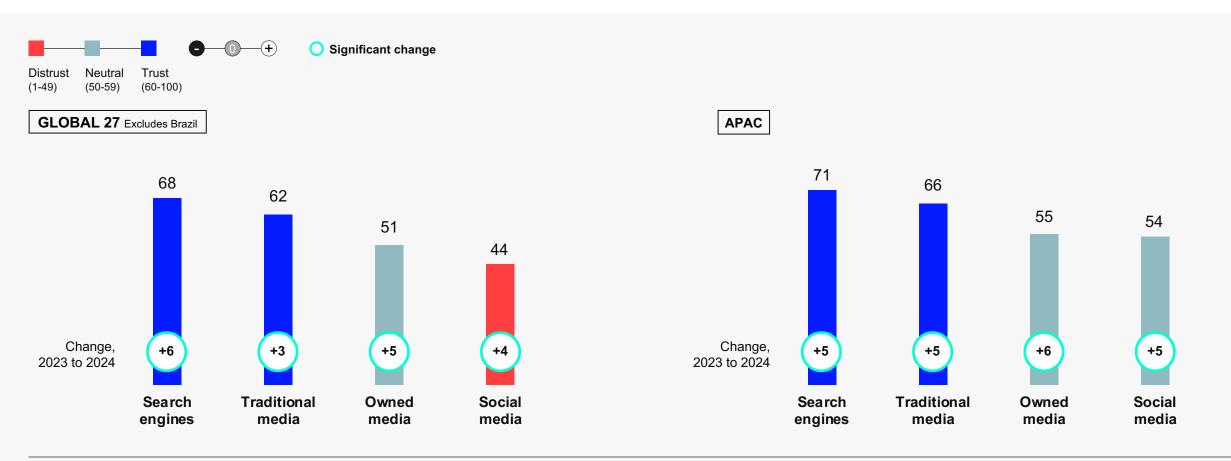
2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_PEP. Below is a list of groups of people. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that group of people to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Attributes asked of half the sample. General population, 25-mkt avg. "My CEO" only shown to those who are an employee of an organization (Q43/1). Year-over-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.



In Sweden, the Swedish translation for "Government leaders" was updated in 2024. In China and Singapore, the Chinese translation for "Journalists" was updated in 2024. These language changes mean the 2024 data cannot compared to data from previous years and have been removed from this analysis for all items to ensure a consistent global average is shown for each.

Trust in Media Sources

Percent trust in each media source for general news and information



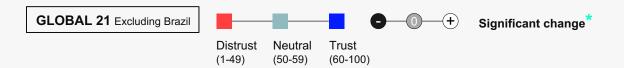
2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. COM_MCL. When looking for general news and information, how much would you trust each type of source for general news and information? 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half the sample. General population, 27-mkt avg. Year-over-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.



In Brazil, the translation for "Search engines" was updated in 2024. This language change means the Brazil 2024 data cannot compared to data from previous years and has been removed from this analysis for all items to ensure a consistent global average is shown for each.

10-Year Trend: Trust in Media Sources

Percent trust in each media source for general news and information



	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	10yr change
Search engines	63	63	64	65	61	65	62	56	59	61	66	+3*
Traditional media	63	58	59	58	64	66	62	54	58	58	62	-1
Owned media	45	44	48	45	41	49	47	41	44	44	49	+4*
Social media	44	46	45	42	40	43	40	35	36	38	41	-3*

2024 Edelman Trust Barometer. COM_MCL. When looking for general news and information, how much would you trust each type of source for general news and information? 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half the sample. General population, 21-mkt avg. Ten-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.



Fear of Innovation Becomes Political, by Innovation

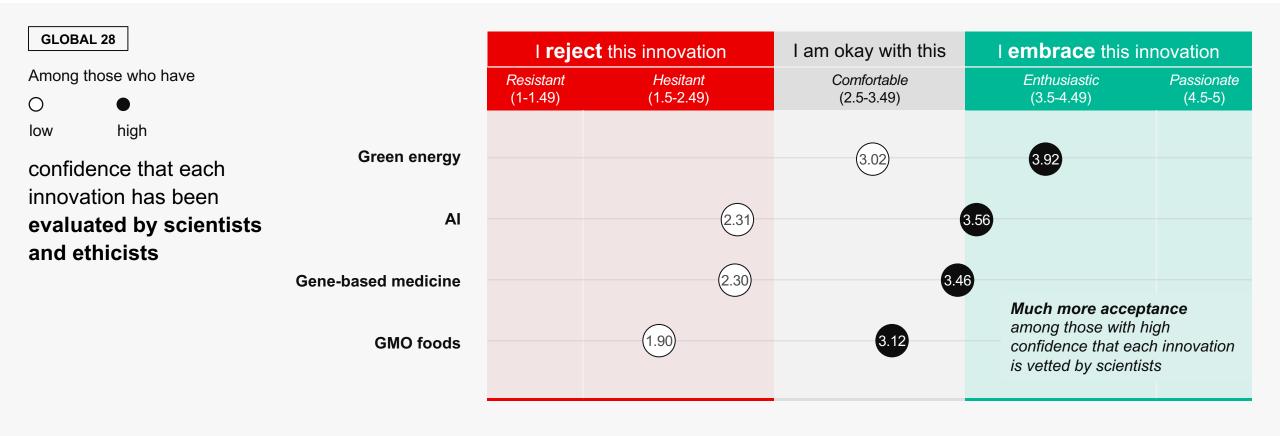
Percent who reject each innovation

	Among those who lean	Global 21	Argentina	Australia	Brazil	Canada	Colombia	France	Germany	India	Ireland	Italy	Kenya	Malaysia	Mexico	Netherlands	Nigeria	S. Africa	S. Korea	Spain	Sweden	UK	U.S.
>	Right	18	10	28	12	25	11	21	37	15	14	15	10	9	10	20	14	15	13	18	20	20	40
Green	Left	10	7	7	9	6	11	13	10	17	12	9	6	17	14	10	19	15	10	8	8	6	6
	Difference, right vs left	8	3	21	3	19	0	8	27	-2	2	6	4	-8	-4	10	-5	0	3	10	12	14	34
	Right	38	23	52	31	53	29	56	48	19	59	45	20	26	30	53	17	32	21	44	41	54	59
₹	Left	42	40	52	30	53	32	58	51	22	53	39	22	25	29	57	25	31	22	43	46	57	51
	Difference, right vs left	-4	-17	0	1	0	-3	-2	-3	-3	6	6	-2	1	1	-4	-8	1	-1	1	-5	-3	8
r o c	Right	37	28	37	39	41	38	42	48	20	37	40	38	41	30	49	30	44	29	34	31	36	53
Gene- based medicine	Left	30	31	22	20	22	32	39	36	21	33	21	43	47	31	39	33	46	24	26	31	29	23
	Difference, right vs left	7	-3	15	19	19	6	3	12	-1	4	19	-5	-6	-1	10	-3	-2	5	8	0	7	30
0 (0	Right	60	60	55	59	60	61	76	68	45	64	70	57	52	57	63	50	58	59	67	59	61	60
GMO	Left	61	65	48	57	55	67	81	63	38	59	64	70	67	64	66	49	69	60	64	62	59	48
	Difference, right vs left	-1	-5	7	2	5	-6	-5	5	7	5	6	-13	-15	-7	-3	1	-11	-1	3	-3	2	12



To Earn My Acceptance, Show Me the Innovation Is Vetted by Scientists and Ethicists

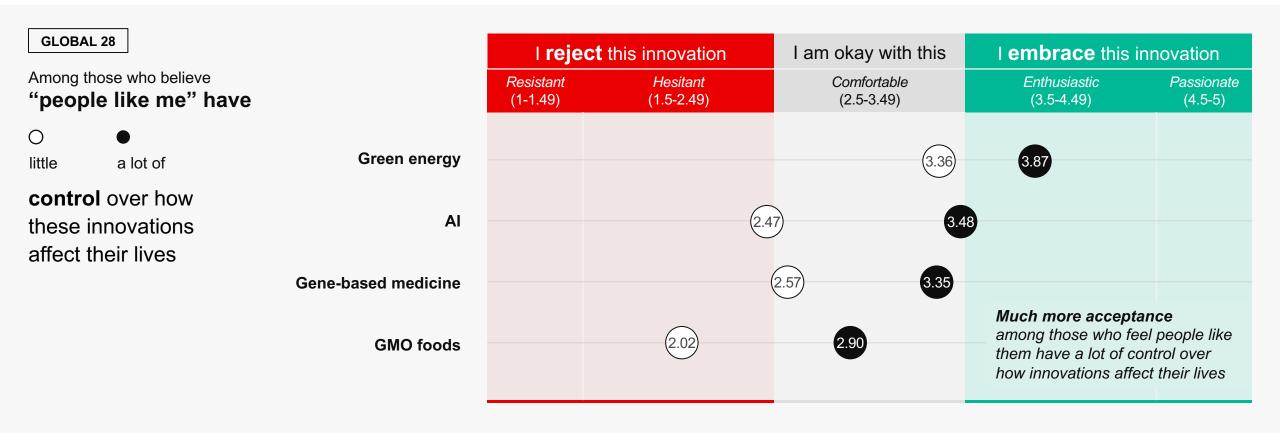
Average acceptance rating





To Earn My Acceptance, Give Us Control Over the Impact of Innovations

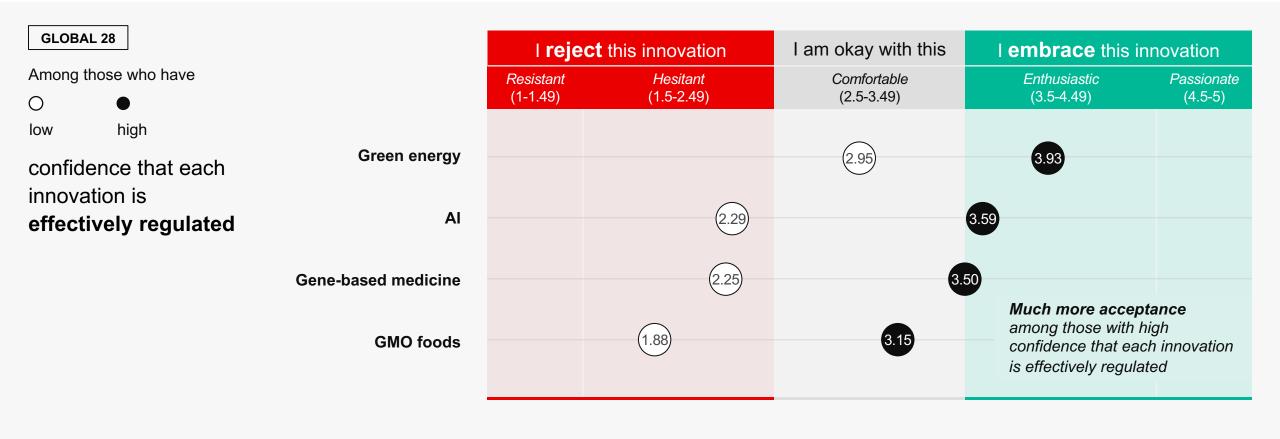
Average acceptance rating





Confidence in Effective Regulation Drives Adoption

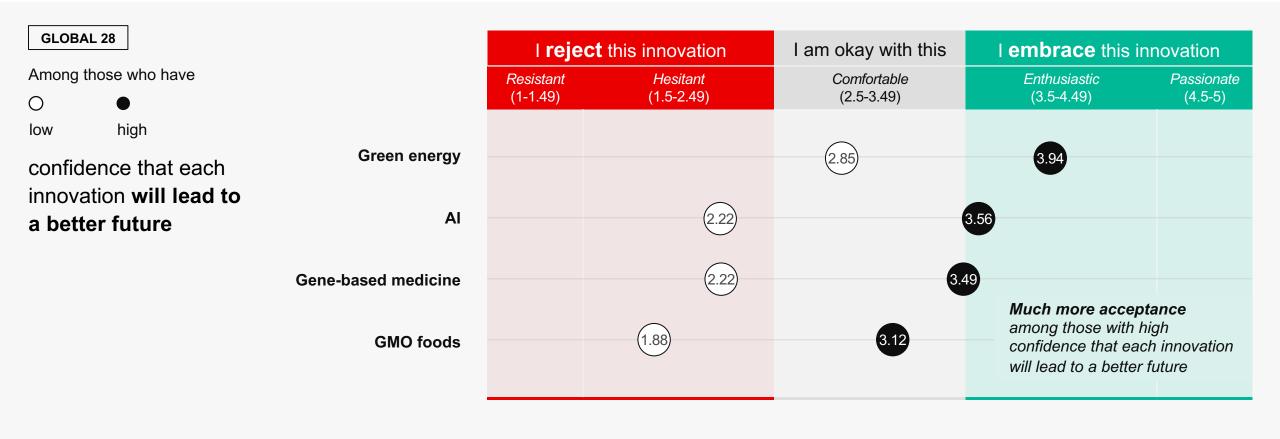
Average acceptance rating





Show Me How Innovation Will Bring Us a Better Future

Average acceptance rating





Acceptance of Innovation at Stake, by Demographics

Percent who say

		Ave	rage	M	en	Woı	men	Ages	18-34	Ages	35-54	Ages	55+	Low ir	ncome	Middle	income	High ir	ncome
		Global	APAC	Global	APAC	Global	APAC	Global	APAC	Global	APAC	Global	APAC	Global	APAC	Global	APAC	Global	APAC
Green	I reject this innovation	13	11	13	10	13	12	14	13	12	10	12	10	16	14	12	10	11	9
Gre	I embrace this innovation	54	55	55	57	52	52	55	55	55	55	51	55	47	47	54	56	61	62
₹	I reject this innovation	35	26	32	24	38	28	29	25	33	24	44	29	39	32	35	24	29	21
4	I embrace this innovation	30	37	33	38	28	35	37	41	32	38	21	32	27	31	30	37	37	44
Gene- based medicine	I reject this innovation	34	31	32	29	37	33	31	28	36	33	36	32	38	35	35	31	29	28
Gel bas medi	I embrace this innovation	29	31	31	32	26	30	32	34	28	29	25	29	25	27	28	30	35	37
foods	I reject this innovation	58	50	55	50	61	51	53	45	59	52	63	54	60	53	59	51	54	47
GMO foods	I embrace this innovation	14	19	15	19	13	20	18	23	14	17	11	17	13	16	14	18	18	24



Acceptance of Innovation at Stake, by Country

Percent who say

		Global 28	APAC	Australia	China	India	Indonesia	Japan	Malaysia	Singapore	S. Korea	Thailand
Green	I reject this innovation	13	11	16	7	13	10	9	11	10	11	10
Green	I embrace this innovation	54	55	44	58	60	62	48	58	47	53	62
₹	I reject this innovation	35	26	53	14	22	25	24	27	24	27	17
	I embrace this innovation	30	37	15	51	47	38	31	38	32	34	46
Gene- based medicine	I reject this innovation	34	31	35	23	23	36	28	45	35	30	27
Ge bas medi	I embrace this innovation	29	31	20	41	40	26	25	25	24	36	39
GMO foods	I reject this innovation	58	50	57	39	47	57	42	59	50	58	45
GMO	I embrace this innovation	14	19	10	30	22	16	19	15	17	17	25



Trust in Industry Sectors and Innovations, by Country

Percent trust

Distrust Neutral Trust (1-49) (50-59) (60-100)	Global 28	APAC	Australia	China	India	Indonesia	Japan	Malaysia	Singapore	S. Korea	Thailand
Energy	65	73	51	83	88	87	53	82	68	60	83
Green energy	71	75	59	86	87	81	59	81	69	68	83
Trust gap, innovation vs sector	+6	+2	+8	+3	-1	-6	+6	-1	+1	+8	0
Technology	76	79	65	87	90	92	64	84	72	71	87
Al	50	62	26	78	76	74	45	66	59	59	75
Trust gap, innovation vs sector	-26	-17	-39	-9	-14	-18	-19	-18	-13	-12	-12
Healthcare	73	77	72	83	86	87	51	83	78	71	85
Gene-based medicine	50	56	41	72	73	61	43	48	51	50	65
Trust gap, innovation vs sector	-23	-21	-31	-11	-13	-26	-8	-35	-27	-21	-20
Food and beverage	72	76	71	80	84	89	65	80	71	61	85
GMO foods	32	42	27	60	53	47	30	38	39	30	52
Trust gap, innovation vs sector	-40	-34	-44	-20	-31	-42	-35	-42	-32	-31	-33



Technical Appendix

2024 Edelman Trust Barometer: Sample

Sample Size, Quotas and Margin of Error

Country	Weighted Sample Size ¹	Unweighted Sample Size	Margin of Error – Total Sample ³	Margin of Error – Half Sample ³	Quotas Set On ⁴
Global 28 ²	32,200	32,492	+/- 0.7 percentage points total sample	+/- 1.0 percentage points half sample	Quotas set at the country level
Argentina	1,150	1,150			
Australia	1,150	1,150	+/- 3.8 pct pts. total sample	+/- 5.4 pct pts. half sample	
Brazil	1,150	1,152			
Canada	1,150	1,500	+/- 3.3 pct pts. total sample	+/- 4.7 pct pts. half sample	
China⁵	1,150	1,150			
Colombia	1,150	1,150	+/- 3.8 pct pts. total sample	+/- 5.4 pct pts. half sample	
France	1,150	1,152	+/- 3.6 pct pts. total sample	+/- 5.4 pct pts. Hall sample	
Germany	1,150	1,150			
India	1,150	1,116	+/- 3.9 pct pts. total sample	+/- 5.5 pct pts. half sample	
Indonesia	1,150	1,152			
Ireland	1,150	1,151			
Italy	1,150	1,150			
Japan	1,150	1,151			
Kenya	1,150	1,150	+/- 3.8 pct pts. total sample	+/- 5.4 pct pts. half sample	Age, Gender, Region
Malaysia	1,150	1,153			Age, Gender, Region
Mexico	1,150	1,152			
Netherlands	1,150	1,150			
Nigeria	1,150	1,148			
Saudi Arabia	1,150	1,109	+/- 3.9 pct pts. total sample	+/- 5.5 pct pts. half sample	
Singapore	1,150	1,150			
S. Africa	1,150	1,152			
S. Korea	1,150	1,152			
Spain	1,150	1,150			
Sweden	1,150	1,151	+/- 3.8 pct pts. total sample +/	+/- 5.4 pct pts. half sample	
Thailand	1,150	1,151			
UAE	1,150	1,150			
UK	1,150	1,150			
U.S.	1,150	1,150			

^{1.} Data reported on slides is weighted to the same total base size to ensure each country has an equal effect on the global average. Some questions were asked of only half of the sample. Please refer to the footnotes on each slide for details.



^{2.} The "global average" indicates the average result of all the countries where data was collected. As mentioned above, there has been no adjustment made to the population size relative to each country and the global average is not intended to suggest a total result of the entire global population.

^{3.} Margin of error is calculated on the unweighted sample sizes collected, utilizing a 99% confidence interval.

^{4.} There were additional quotas on ethnicity in the UK and U.S., and on nationality in Saudi Arabia and the UAE.

^{5.} All data collected in China is from the mainland. Regions of Greater China were not surveyed.

2024 Edelman Trust Barometer: Sample

Countries Included in the Various Global Averages

28 countries surveyed	Global 28 average	Global 26 Excludes China and Saudi Arabia	Global 25 Excludes China, S. Korea, and Thailand	Global 22
	Used for current year averages and tracking to 2023	Used for current year averages; excludes sensitive countries ¹	Used for current year averages; excludes sensitive countries ¹ ; excludes S. Korea ²	Used for tracking to 2014 and 2015
Argentina	Argentina	Argentina	Argentina	Argentina
Australia	Australia	Australia	Australia	Australia
Brazil	Brazil	Brazil	Brazil	Brazil
Canada	Canada	Canada	Canada	Canada
China	China			China
Colombia	Colombia	Colombia	Colombia	
France	France	France	France	France
Germany	Germany	Germany	Germany	Germany
India	India	India	India	India
Indonesia	Indonesia	Indonesia	Indonesia	Indonesia
Ireland	Ireland	Ireland	Ireland	Ireland
Italy	Italy	Italy	Italy	Italy
Japan	Japan	Japan	Japan	Japan
Kenya	Kenya	Kenya	Kenya	
Malaysia	Malaysia	Malaysia	Malaysia	Malaysia
Mexico	Mexico	Mexico	Mexico	Mexico
Netherlands	Netherlands	Netherlands	Netherlands	Netherlands
Nigeria	Nigeria	Nigeria	Nigeria	
Saudi Arabia	Saudi Arabia		Saudi Arabia	
Singapore	Singapore	Singapore	Singapore	Singapore
S. Africa	S. Africa	S. Africa	S. Africa	S. Africa
S. Korea	S. Korea	S. Korea		S. Korea
Spain	Spain	Spain	Spain	Spain
Sweden	Sweden	Sweden	Sweden	
Thailand	Thailand	Thailand		
UAE	UAE	UAE	UAE	UAE
UK	UK	UK	UK	UK
U.S.	U.S.	U.S.	U.S.	U.S.

^{1.} Because some of the content we ask is deemed politically sensitive there are several countries where we take special precautions in order to avoid putting our respondents, or ourselves, in a position to break any local laws. We work closely with our sample partner and its legal team to identify which questions, and in what countries, we should refrain from asking. The three countries where we removed questions and/or answer options were China, Saudi Arabia, and Thailand.





2024 Edelman Trust Barometer: Sample

Survey Languages Used and Internet Penetration by Country

	Languages	Internet Penetration*		Languages	Internet Penetration*		Languages	Internet Penetration*
Global	-	-	Indonesia	Indonesian	76%	Singapore	Localized English, Simplified Chinese	92%
Argentina	Localized Spanish	91%	Ireland	Localized English	89%	S. Africa	Localized English, Afrikaans	63%
Australia	Localized English	89%	Italy	Italian	91%	S. Korea	Korean	97%
Brazil	Portuguese	83%	Kenya	Localized English	84%	Spain	Spanish	92%
Canada	Localized English, Canadian French	93%	Japan	Japanese	93%	Sweden	Localized English, Swedish	97%
China	Simplified Chinese	70%	Malaysia	Malay	94%	Thailand	Thai	88%
Colombia	Localized Spanish	83%	Mexico	Localized Spanish	77%	UAE	Localized English, Arabic	100%
France	French	92%	Netherlands	Localized English, Dutch	95%	UK	Localized English	95%
Germany	German	94%	Nigeria	Localized English	68%	U.S.	English, Localized Spanish	94%
India	Localized English, Hindi	60%	Saudi Arabia	Localized English, Arabic	89%			



Data Analysis Explained:

French Data Model

In 2021, the translation of "government in general" in the French questionnaire was incorrectly changed to "authorities in general," affecting data in all studies conducted in France from 2021 to 2023. When we discovered the inconsistency in early 2023, we suppressed all affected data while investigating the possibility of modeling and replacing the missing data.

Over the course of 2023, we built a data model that could reliably predict what the France data would have been if the translation were consistent. This involved identifying items (shown in the list on the right) that are predictive of trust in government in other Western democracies and testing whether they had similar predictive power in France.

To build a model with a sufficient level of accuracy, we iterated through 5,000 different randomly split samples, controlling for gender, income, age, and other demographics, of France data collected in the 2024 Edelman Trust Barometer and in the 2023 Special Report: Trust and Climate Change. In both surveys, we used the accurate translation for trust in "government in general," along with the predictor variables. In both surveys, we also included the trust in "authorities in general" attribute for our French respondents. This allowed us to include the mistranslated variable in our model as one of the predictors for trust in government.

For each split sample, 75% of the sample was used to train the data, and the remaining 25% was used as a test group. Using a random forest classification model, we were able to accurately classify 89.41% of respondents as trusters or non-trusters, which gave us the confidence to repopulate the data in affected reports with data from our predictive model.

The modeled data was applied to the France data from each impacted year (2021, 2022, and 2023) to predict the overall level of trust in government in general. The Trust Index for those years has also been updated, given that trust in government is part of that calculation.

Predictors	Question text
Trust in institutions	TRU_INS: Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right using a 9-point scale where one means that you "do not trust them at all" and nine means that you "trust them a great deal".
	Media in general
	Business in general
	Non-governmental organizations (NGOs)
	Authorities in general
Economic optimism	CNG_FUT: Thinking about the economic prospects for yourself and your family, how do you think you and your family will be doing in five years' time?
Government competence	TRU_3D_GOV: To what extent do you agree with the following statement?
	Government in general is good at what it does
Fears of gig- economy	POP_EMO: Some people say they worry about many things while others say they have few concerns. We are interested in what you worry about. Specifically, how much do you worry about each of the following?
	Permanent jobs with benefits being replaced by freelance, gig-economy or short-term jobs that do not offer benefits
Government ethics dimensions	GOV_PER_DIM: In thinking about why you do or do not trust government in general, please specify where you think it falls on the scale between the two opposing descriptions.
	Highly effective agent of positive change
	Honest and fair
	Has a vision for the future that I believe in
	Serves the interests of everyone equally and fairly

Data Analysis Explained:

Innovation Management Scale

The Innovation Management scale was created by averaging respondents' answers to five attributes measured on 9-point scales, shown in the table to the right.

- Respondents who believe that innovation is well managed were those that scored between 1 – 4.49 on the Innovation Management Scale, meaning on average they disagreed with these statements.
- Respondents who scored between 4.5 5.49 on the scale were classified as neutral.
- Respondents who believe that innovation is poorly managed scored between 5.5 – 9 on the Innovation Management Scale, meaning on average they agreed with these statements.

The specific items in the scale were chosen for their ability to represent three dimensions of innovation management and development:

- Trust in institutions to manage the introduction of new technologies and innovations
- Government's ability to regulate emerging technologies effectively
- Outside influence on science, in terms of how it's conducted

Items	Question text	
Trust in business and NGOs	TRU_INS_TCNG. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right when it comes to ensuring that the introduction of new technologies and innovations into society is well-managed (e.g., they are safe , understood by the public, beneficial to society as a whole, and accessible to the people who need them). – reverse scored	
	Business in general	
	Non-governmental organizations (NGOs)	
Government regulation	POP_MDC. Below is a list of statements. For each one, please rate how true you believe that statement is using a nine-point scale where one means it is "not at all true" and nine means it is "completely true".	
	The people in government in charge of regulating technology do not have an adequate understanding of emerging technologies to be able to regulate them effectively	
Science influenced by politics and money	CHG_AGR. Please indicate how much you agree or disagree with the following statements.	
	Science has become politicized in this country	
	Government and other large organizations that fund research have too much influence on how science in this country is done	



Data Analysis Explained:

Classifying Respondents as Generally Resistant to Innovations

Respondents were asked to characterize their feelings about each of the four innovations (shown below) using the scale to the right.

To classify respondents as resistant to innovations, we calculated an average score across the four innovations. If a respondent's average score was less than 2.5 (rounded to a 1 or 2), they were classified as rejecting of innovation.

Innovations

The growing use of **artificial intelligence** such as machine learning, natural language processing, and generative Al

The growing use of **green energy** such as biofuels and renewable natural gas, liquid hydrogen, and wind and solar power

The growing use of **genetically modified foods** (foods that are derived from genetically modified organisms, commonly referred to as GMOs) such as drought-, pest-, and disease-resistant crops, faster-growing fish, and produce that has a longer shelf life

The growing use of **gene-based medical technologies** such as mRNA vaccines, gene splicing, and gene therapy

Scale points

- 1. **Resistant**: I am very worried about this. I boycott products and services that incorporate these technologies and urge others to do the same.
- **2. Hesitant**: I am concerned about this. I personally try to avoid using products and services that incorporate these technologies.
- **3. Comfortable**: I am okay with this. I will use products and services that incorporate these technologies but won't actively seek them out.
- **4. Enthusiastic**: I am excited about this. I am looking to increase my use of products and services that incorporate these technologies.
- **5. Passionate**: I am a big advocate for this. I am looking to increase my use of products and services that incorporate these technologies and actively encouraging others to do the same.



Data Analysis Explained:

Average Acceptance Rating

Respondents were asked to separately rate four technologies (green energy, artificial intelligence, gene-based medicine, and GMO foods, as shown on the previous Tech Appendix slide) on a 5-point scale, ranging from Resistant to Passionate (see full scale to the right). We calculated overall levels of acceptance across the population by taking the average scale point selected.

Segments of the population were classified as one of the five categories, based on the cut points in the table to the far right.

- If the average of an audience segment fell between 1-2.49, they were classified as "rejecting" the innovation.
- Audience segments with an average score of 3.5-5 were classified as "embracing" the innovation.

This method of calculating an average acceptance rating was applied to different audiences throughout the report.

Segment category	Range
Resistant: I am very worried about this. I boycott products and services that incorporate these technologies and urge others to do the same.	1-1.49
Hesitant : I am concerned about this. I personally try to avoid using products and services that incorporate these technologies.	1.5-2.49
Comfortable: I am okay with this. I will use products and services that incorporate these technologies but won't actively seek them out.	2.5-3.49
Enthusiastic : I am excited about this. I am looking to increase my use of products and services that incorporate these technologies.	3.5-4.49
Passionate: I am a big advocate for this. I am looking to increase my use of products and services that incorporate these technologies and actively encouraging others to do the same.	4.5-5
Don't know / not sure	



Data Analysis Explained:

How We Plotted the Institutional Competence and Ethics Scores

We define trust as the combination of competence and ethics. The report features a chart depicting how competent and ethical each of the institution are rated to be. Here's how we calculated each score.

The competence score (the x-axis of the plot): An institution's competence score is a net of the top 3 box (AGREE) minus the bottom 3 box (DISAGREE) responses to the question "To what extent do you agree with the following statement? [INSTITUTION] in general is good at what it does". The resulting net score was then subtracted by 50, which means that for an institution to qualify as competent, it would require a net difference of 51 points or more in its percentage of top 3-box ratings versus its bottom 3-box ratings. This ensures that an institution could not be considered competent unless there is a majority who rate it as such.

The net ethical score (the y-axis of the plot): The ethics dimension is defined by four separate items. For each item, a net score was calculated by taking the top 5 box percentage representing a positive ethical perception minus the bottom 5 box percentage representing a negative ethical perception. The y-axis value is an average across those 4 net scores. Scores higher than zero indicate an institution that is perceived as ethical.

Respondents were asked:

In thinking about why you do or do not trust [INSTITUTION], please specify where you think they fall on the scale between the two opposing descriptions. (Please use the slider to indicate where you think [INSTITUTION] falls between the two extreme end points of each scale.)

Dimension	Ethical Perception	Unethical Perception
Purpose-Driven	Highly effective agents of positive change	Completely ineffective agents of positive change
Honest	Honest and fair	Corrupt and biased
Vision	Have a vision for the future that I believe in	Do not have a vision for the future that I believe in
Fairness	Serve the interests of everyone equally and fairly	Serve the interests of only certain groups of people



Full Question Text

Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

Dispersion of Authority: Peers on Par With Scientists

TRU_PEP_TCNG. Below is a list of categories of people. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that person or group of people to tell you the truth about new innovations and technologies. (Please select one response for each.)

Shortened	Full
NGO representatives	A representative of a non-profit organization or NGO
Scientists	Scientists or technical experts in general
Company technical expert	A scientist or technical expert working for a company that is helping to develop the new innovation or technology



2024 Edelman Trust Barometer:

Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

Economic Fears Persist as Societal Concerns Rise

POP_EMO. Some people say they worry about many things while others say they have few concerns. We are interested in what you worry about. Specifically, how much do you worry about each of the following? Please indicate your answer using a nine-point scale where one means "I do not worry about this at all" and nine means "I am extremely worried about this". (Please select one response for each.)

Shortened	Full
Job loss (net)	Automation and/or other innovations taking your job away Your job being moved to other countries where workers are paid less Cheaper foreign competitors driving companies like yours out of business Not having the training and skills necessary to get a good paying job International conflicts about trade policies and tariffs hurting the company you work for Losing your job as a result of a looming recession Permanent jobs with benefits being replaced by freelance, gig-economy, or short-term jobs that do not offer benefits
Inflation	Your pay increases not keeping up with the inflation rate causing you to lose ground financially
Climate change	Climate change leading to drought, rising sea levels and other natural disasters
Hackers	Hackers, cyber-attacks and cyber-terrorism
Nuclear war	International conflicts escalating into nuclear war
Information war	Other countries waging an information war against us by purposefully contaminating our media with falsehoods and publishing things meant to inflame our differences



Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

Trust in Industry Sectors Does Not Guarantee Trust in Industry Innovations

TEC_TRU. How much do you trust each of these technologies? (Please select one response for each.)

Shortened	Full
Artificial intelligence	Artificial intelligence such as machine learning, natural language processing, and generative Al
Genetically modified foods	Genetically modified foods (foods that are derived from genetically modified organisms, commonly referred to as GMOs) such as drought-, pest-, and disease-resistant crops, faster-growing fish, and produce that has a longer shelf life
Green energy	Green energy such as biofuels and renewable natural gas, liquid hydrogen, and wind and solar power
Gene-based medicine	Gene-based medical technologies such as mRNA vaccines, gene splicing, and gene therapy



Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

Acceptance of Innovation at Stake

CHG_TEC_COM. How would you characterize your feelings about each of the following?

Shortened	Full
I reject this innovation	Resistant: I am very worried about this. I boycott products and services that incorporate these technologies and urge others to do the same
	Hesitant: I am concerned about this. I personally try to avoid using products and services that incorporate these technologies.
I embrace this innovation	Enthusiastic: I am excited about this. I am looking to increase my use of products and services that incorporate these technologies.
	Passionate: I am a big advocate for this. I am looking to increase my use of products and services that incorporate these technologies and actively encouraging others to do the same.
Green energy	The growing use of green energy such as biofuels and renewable natural gas, liquid hydrogen, and wind and solar power
Al	The growing use of artificial intelligence such as machine learning, natural language processing, and generative Al
Gene-based medicine	The growing use of gene-based medical technologies such as mRNA vaccines, gene splicing, and gene therapy
GMO foods	The growing use of genetically modified foods (foods that are derived from genetically modified organisms, commonly referred to as GMOs) such as drought-, pest-, and disease-resistant crops, faster-growing fish, and produce that has a longer shelf life



Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

Government Lacks Competence to Regulate Emerging Innovations

Shortened	Full
Government regulators lack adequate understanding of emerging technologies to regulate them effectively	The people in government in charge of regulating technology do not have an adequate understanding of emerging technologies to be able to regulate them effectively



Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

Nearly 2x More Likely to Fear Innovation Poorly Managed

TRU_INS_TCNG. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right when it comes to ensuring that the introduction of new technologies and innovations into society is well-managed (e.g., they are safe, understood by the public, beneficial to society as a whole, and accessible to the people who need them). (Please select one response for each.)

Shortened	Full
Do I trust how business and NGOs introduce innovations into society?	Business in general Non-governmental organizations



Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

Nearly 2x More Likely to Fear Innovation Poorly Managed

Shortened	Full
Can government regulate new technologies?	The people in government in charge of regulating technology do not have an adequate understanding of emerging technologies to be able to regulate them effectively



Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

Nearly 2x More Likely to Fear Innovation Poorly Managed

CHG_AGR. Please indicate how much you agree or disagree with the following statements. (Please select one response for each.)

Shortened	Full
Is science independent of politics and money?	Science has become politicized in this country. Government and other large organizations that fund research have to much influence on how science in this country is done.



2024 Edelman Trust Barometer:

Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

When Institutions Mismanage Innovation, We Feel Both Technology and Society Are Leaving Us Behind

Shortened	Full
Technology is changing too quickly, in ways that are not good for people like me	Technological innovations are happening too quickly and are leading to changes that are not good for people like me



Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

When Institutions Mismanage Innovation, Fairness and Capitalism in Question

Shortened	Full
The system is biased in favor of the rich	The system is biased against regular people and in favor of the rich and powerful



Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

Scientists and Experts Expected to Lead on Implementation of Innovation

RSP_TEC_CHG. How big a role do you feel each of the following should have in ensuring that the introduction of new technologies and innovations is well-managed (e.g., they are safe, understood by the public, beneficial to society as a whole, and accessible to the people who need them)? (Please select one response for each.)

Shortened	Full
Central government leaders	Central / federal government leaders
Academics, educators	Academics and educators



2024 Edelman Trust Barometer:

Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

To Earn My Acceptance, Show Me the Innovation Is Vetted by Scientists and Ethicists

TEC_TST. How confident are you that these technologies have been adequately tested, evaluated, and assessed by scientists, ethicists, and other experts? (Please select one response for each.)

Shortened	Full
Confidence that each innovation has been evaluated by scientists and ethicists	How confident are you that these technologies have been adequately tested, evaluated, and assessed by scientists, ethicists, and other experts?



Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

I'm Doing My Own Research: Help Me Find Information I Can Trust

INO_INF_SRC. Where do you get most of your information and knowledge about new technologies and innovations from?

Shortened	Full	
Social media (net)	My social media news feed, On social media posted by, or forwarded from, someone in my social network, On social media posted by an influencer or expert I follow	
National media	National newspapers or national TV or radio news programs	
Local media	Local newspapers or local TV or radio news programs	
Friends and family	In conversations with my friends and family	



Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

To Be Trusted With Innovation, Give Me a Voice

[INS]_CHG_PER. If [institution] wants to earn or keep your trust in their being good stewards or managers of change, how important is it that they do each of the following in response to the technological and social changes taking place in your country today? (Please select one response for each.)

Shortened	Full	
Hear our concerns, let us ask questions	Give people the opportunity to ask questions and to have their concerns heard when it comes to change and innovation	
Keep innovations affordable	Institute fair and reasonable pricing that makes new technologies or innovations generally affordable	
Communicate pluses and minuses	Clearly communicate the nature of new innovations and technologies, including potential benefits and negative side effects	
Aid the vulnerable	Aid those who need help coping with the consequences of change	
Help people keep up	Help people keep up with and adjust to the changes happening all around them	
Work with government to develop regulations	Work with government to institute safeguards and security measures and to develop appropriate regulations	
Ensure our future prosperity	Push our country to make the changes necessary to ensure our future prosperity	
Investigate innovations	Do investigative reporting on new technologies and innovations to uncover any hidden issues or dangers	



2024 Edelman Trust Barometer:

Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

CEOs: Address Impacts of Innovation in Society

CEO_RSP_CHOICE. You are about to see two choices. We want you to choose the one that best describes your beliefs. (Please select only one of the two options given.)

Shortened

Full

I expect CEOs to manage changes occurring in society, not just those occurring in their business

I expect CEOs to work to manage changes that are occurring in society in addition to those occurring within their organizations or that are directly related to their products and services



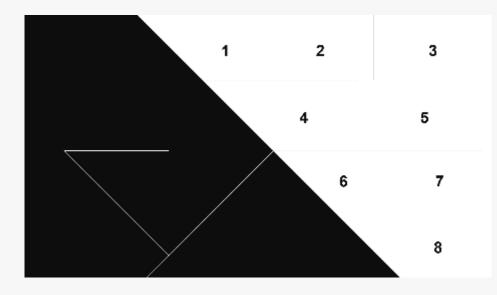
Full Text For Answer Choices Abbreviated

CEOs: Address Impacts of Innovation in Society

CEO_ISS. How important is it to you that the CEO or head of the organization you work for speaks out publicly about each of the following issues? Please indicate your answer using the following 9-point scale where one means "not at all important" and nine means "very important" (Please select only one response for each.)

Shortened	Full	
Job skills of the future	Training, education, and job skills of the future	
Ethical use of technology	The ethical use of technology	
Automation impact on jobs	Technology and automation and their impact on jobs	





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Slide 5 A Shift in Authority

Muslim protesters push against shields of anti-riot police officers in Jakarta as they demand the cancellation of a concert by British rock band Coldplay, which the protesters say supports LGBTQ rights in violation of Muslim doctrine: Mas Agung Wilis/AFP via Getty Images

Slide 15 Innovation on the Ballot

Robots harvesting vegetables in automated modern greenhouse: Imaginima via Getty Images

Slide 25 A Reset for Science in Society

World Health Organization (WHO) Director-General Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus attends a daily press briefing on the COVID-19 outbreak: Fabrice Coffrini/AFP via Getty Images

Slide 32 Restoring Trust in the Promise of Innovation

Technician in sterile coverall holds wafer that reflects many different colors: PonyWang via Getty Images



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