#### **Global Report**





## 21st ANNUAL EDELMAN TRUST BAROMETER

Methodology

Online survey in 28 countries\* 33,000+ respondents

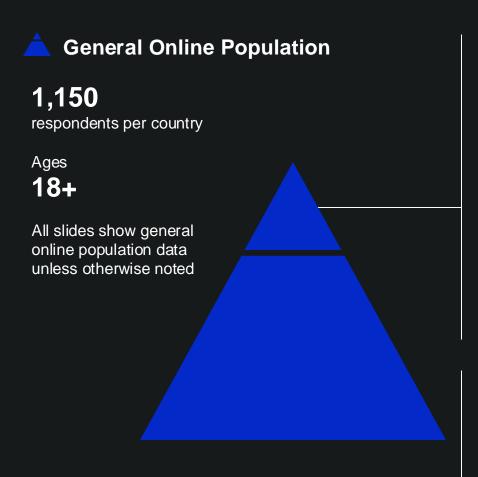
2021 Edelman Trust Barometer fieldwork conducted from October 19 to November 18, 2020

\*The 2021 Trust Barometer 27-market global averages (for the general population, mass population and informed public) do not include Nigeria

27-market global data margin of error: General population +/- 0.6% (N=31,050); informed public +/- 1.3% (N=6,000); mass population +/- 0.6% (N=25,050+); half-sample global general online population +/- 0.8% (N=15,525).

Country-specific data margin of error: General population +/- 2.9% (N=1,150); informed public +/- 6.9% (N=min 200, varies by country), except for China and U.S. +/- 4.4% (N=500) and Nigeria +/- 9.8% (N=100); mass population +/- 3.0% to 3.6% (N=min 736, varies by country), except for Nigeria +/- 2.9% (N=1,125).

U.S. Post-Election Supplement margin of error: +/- 2.5% (N=1,500). U.S. Post-Election Supplement ethnicity-specific data margin of error: Non-Hispanic White +/- 3.3% (N=894); all others +/- 4.0 (N=607).





#### **Informed Public**

500 respondents in U.S. and China;100 respondents in Nigeria;200 in all other countries

Represents 17% of total global population

Must meet 4 criteria:

- ► Age **25-64**
- College-educated
- ► In top 25% of household income per age group in each country
- ► Report significant engagement in public policy and business news



#### **Mass Population**

All population not including informed public

Represents **83%** of total global population



**U.S. Post-Election Supplement** 

1,500 U.S. respondents, fielded December 14 to 18, 2020

### 21 YEARS OF TRUST

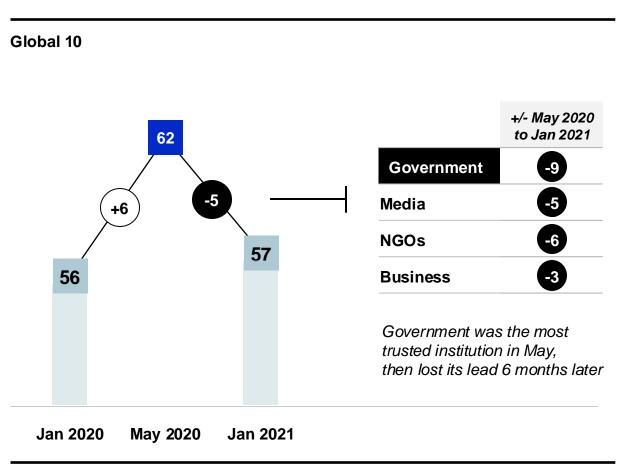
2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Rising Influence of NGOs	Fall of the Celebrity CEO	Earned Media More Credible Than Advertising	U.S. Companies in Europe Suffer Trust Discount	Trust Shifts from "Authorities" to Peers	A "Person Like Me" Emerges as Credible Spokesperson	Business More Trusted Than Government and Media	Young People Have More Trust in Business	Trust in Business Plummets	Performance and Transparency Essential to Trust	Business Must Partner With Government to Regain Trust
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
	Fall of Government	Crisis of Leadership	Business to Lead the Debate for Change	Trust is Essential to Innovation	Growing Inequality of Trust	Trust in Crisis	The Battle for Truth	Trust at Work	Trust: Competence and Ethics	Declaring Information Bankruptcy



### SPRING TRUST BUBBLE BURSTS; BIGGEST LOSS FOR GOVERNMENT

Trust Index, 10 countries included in the 2020 Trust Barometer Spring Update





Government	+/- Jan 2020 to May 2020	+/- May 2020 to Jan 2021
S. Korea	+16	-17
UK	+24	-15
China	+5	-13
Mexico	+12	-12
Canada	+20	-11
India	+6	-8
U.S.	+9	-6
Germany	+19	-5
Japan	-5	<b>-1</b>
Saudi Arabia	+5	<b>-1</b>

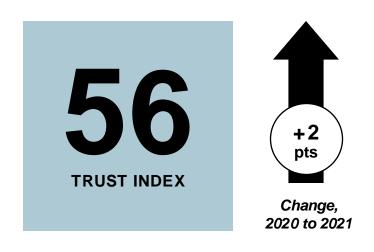
**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** The Trust Index is the average percent trust in NGOs, business, government and media. TRU\_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 10-mkt avg. Due to a translation inconsistency, the France data was removed from this analysis. For more details contact the Trust Barometer research team.

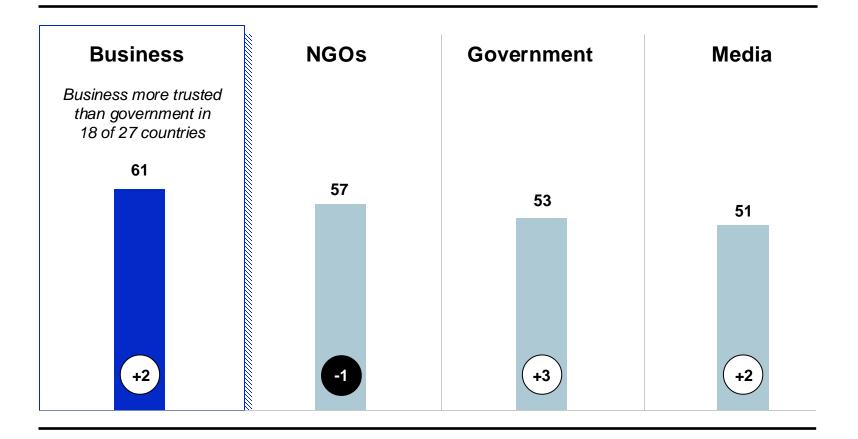


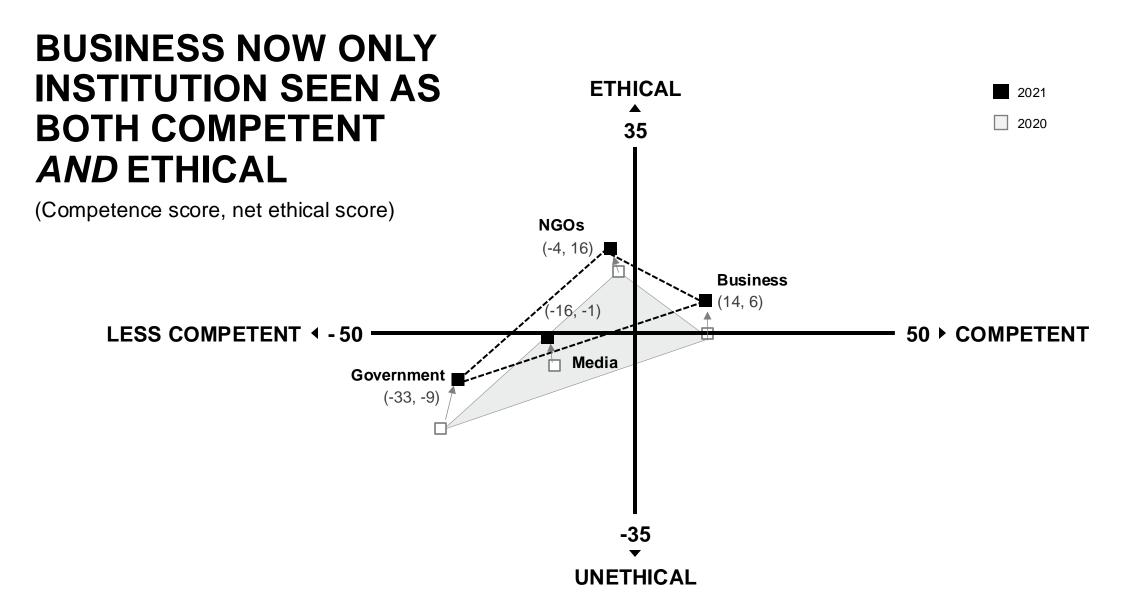
### **BUSINESS BECOMES ONLY TRUSTED INSTITUTION**

Percent trust









**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** The ethical scores are averages of nets based on INS\_PER\_DIM/1-4. Question asked of half of the sample. The competence score is a net based on TRU\_3D\_INS/1. Depending on the question it was either asked of the full or half the sample. General population, 22-mkt avg. Data not collected in China, Russia and Thailand. For full details regarding how this data was calculated and plotted, please see the Technical Appendix. Due to a translation inconsistency in S. Korea and France, these markets have been excluded from this analysis.

### TRUST IS LOCAL: MY EMPLOYER A MAINSTAY OF TRUST

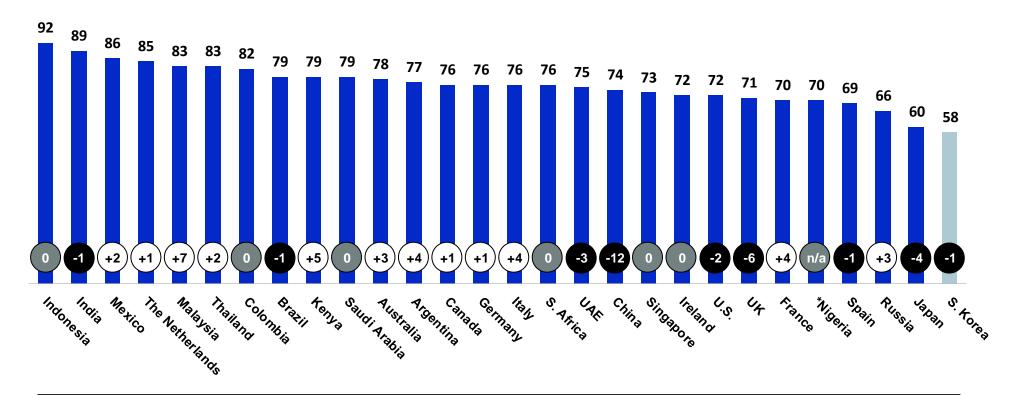


Percent trust in my employer

#### Global 27



Trust in my employer stable or rising in 18 of 27 countries



**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** TRU\_INS. [Your employer] Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 27-mkt avg. Question asked among those who are employed (Q43/1). Due to a translation inconsistency in France, the 2021 government has been imputed using a model. For more details, please see the Technical Appendix.\*Nigeria not included in the global average



### A TRUST RECKONING FOR CHINA AND THE U.S.

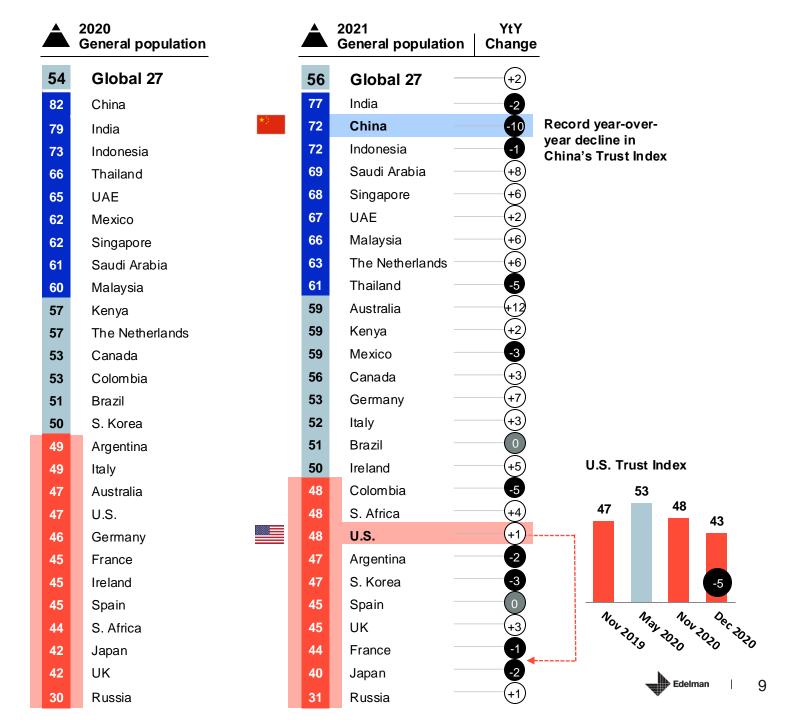
#### Trust Index



Greatest decline in China (-10); greatest increase in Australia (+12)

15 countries gained trust, 10 countries lost trust

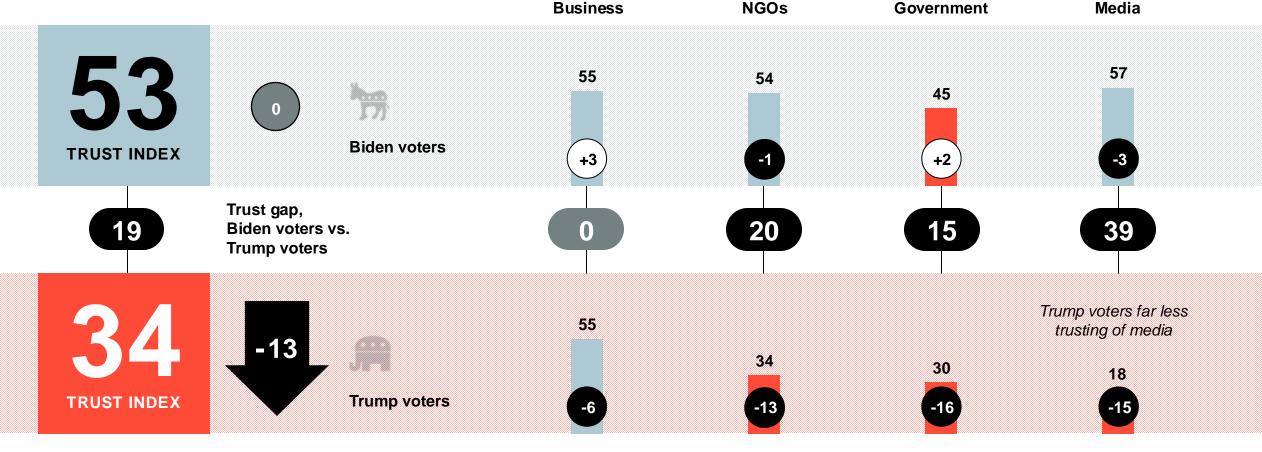
**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** The Trust Index is the average percent trust in NGOs, business, government and media. TRU\_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 27-mkt avg. Due to a translation inconsistency in France, the 2021 government has been imputed using a model. For more details, please see the Technical Appendix.



### TRUST CRASHES AMONG TRUMP VOTERS POST U.S. ELECTION

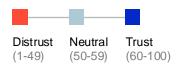
Percent trust among Biden and Trump voters in the 2020 U.S. Presidential election, and change from November to December





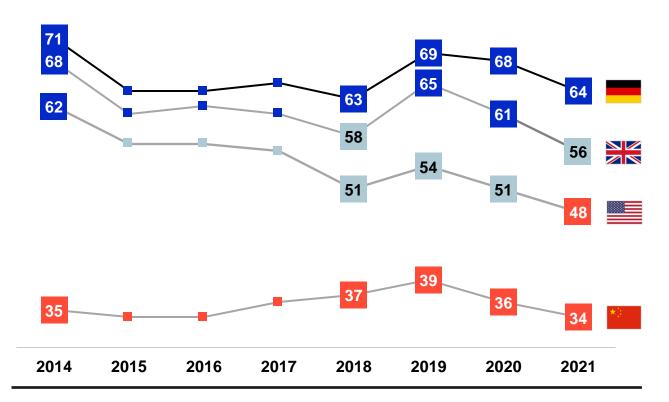


### MOST POWERFUL COUNTRIES LOSE TRUST CAPITAL

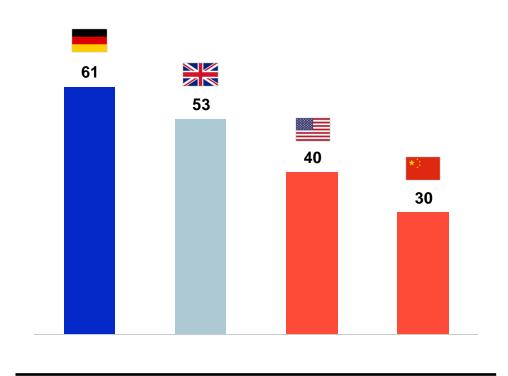


Percent trust in **companies** headquartered in each country

#### Global 22



### Percent trust in the **national government** of each foreign country Global 27



**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** TRU\_NAT. Now we would like to focus on global companies headquartered in specific countries. Please indicate how much you trust global companies headquartered in the following countries to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half of the sample. General population, 22-mkt avg. TRU\_GOV. Please indicate how much you trust the national government of each of the following countries to do what is right using a 9-point scale where one means that you "do not trust them at all" and nine means that you "trust them a great deal". 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half of the sample. Respondents were not asked to rate their home country. General population, 27-mkt avg.



### TRUST INEQUALITY SPREADS FURTHER

Trust Index



Mass population 16 points less trusting

**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** The Trust Index is the average percent trust in NGOs, business, government and media. TRU\_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Informed public and mass population, 27-mkt avg. Due to a translation inconsistency in France, the 2021 government has been imputed using a model. For more details, please see the Technical Appendix.\*Nigeria not included in the global average

#### 2021 2021 Informed public Mass population Trust gap 68 Global 27 Global 27 52 86 India 68 China 86 Saudi Arabia 68 Indonesia 83 67 Indonesia India 82 China 67 Saudi Arabia 79 The Netherlands Singapore 79 UAE UAE 63 78 Malaysia Malavsia 62 77 Australia The Netherlands 76 58 Singapore Kenya 75 Thailand 56 Mexico 66 56 Italy Thailand 66 55 Mexico Australia 55 65 Kenya Canada 65 52 S. Africa Germany 64 51 Canada Italy 63 49 Ireland Nigeria\* 62 48 Brazil Ireland 62 47 France Brazil 62 Germany 46 Colombia 62 U.S. 44 Argentina 59 Colombia 44 S. Africa 59 S. Korea 44 Spain 59 UK 44 U.S. 57 Spain 43 S. Korea 56 Argentina 43 UK 52 Japan 41 France 52 Nigeria\* 39 Japan Russia

Record trust inequality

16

14

19

10

15

17

7

10

19

22

9

10

15

13

12

21

13

18

16

16

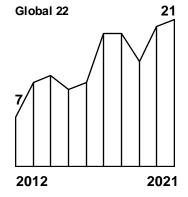
21

13

Russia

#### **DOUBLE-DIGIT TRUST INEQUALITY IN RECORD NUMBER OF COUNTRIES**

Nr. of countries with double-digit trust inequality

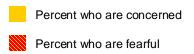


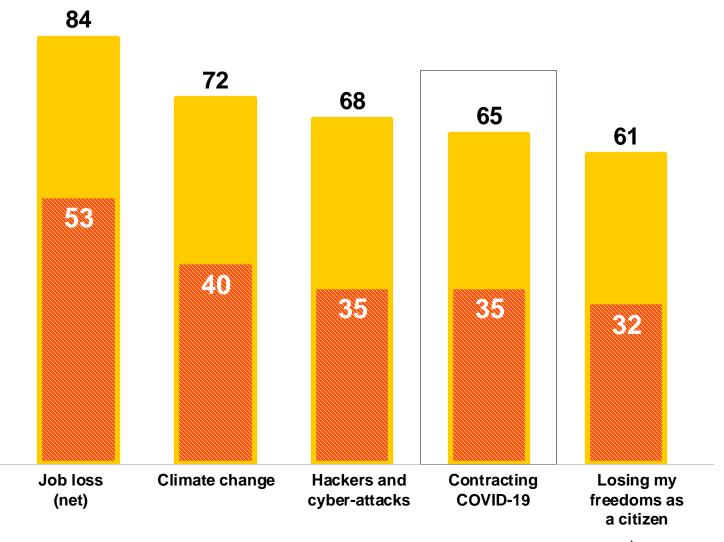


### PANDEMIC ADDED TO PERSISTENT PERSONAL AND SOCIETAL FEARS

Percent who are concerned, and percent who are fearful

**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** POP\_EMO. Some people say they worry about many things while others say they have few concerns. We are interested in what you worry about. Specifically, how much do you worry about each of the following? 9-point scale; top 4 box, worry; top 2 box, fear. Non-job loss attributes shown to half of the sample. General population, 27-mkt avg. Job loss asked of those who are an employee (Q43/1). Job loss is a net of attributes 1-3, 5, and 22-24.

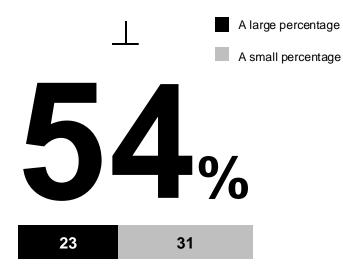




### PANDEMIC ACCELERATES JOB LOSS FEARS

Percent who agree

As a result of the of the pandemic, a portion of our workforce has seen their work hours reduced or their jobs eliminated



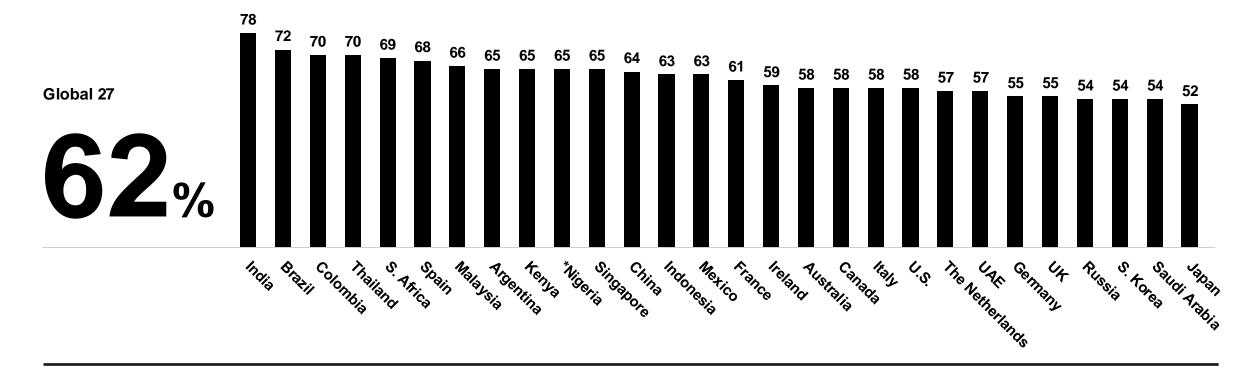
I worry that the pandemic will accelerate the rate at which companies **replace human workers with AI** and robots

56%

### PANDEMIC DEEPENS INEQUITIES AROUND THE WORLD

Percent who agree

Those with less education, less money and fewer resources are being unfairly burdened with most of the suffering, risk of illness, and need to sacrifice due to the pandemic





### INCREASED URGENCY TO ADDRESS FOUNDATIONAL PROBLEMS

Change in importance since last year (more important minus less important)

**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** IMP\_POL\_PRIORITIES. For each of the following issues and challenges, please indicate whether our country addressing it has become more important to you, less important to you, or has stayed the same in importance, since last year. 5-point scale; top 2 box; more important; bottom 2 box, less important. General population, 27-mkt avg. Net change is the difference between more and less important.

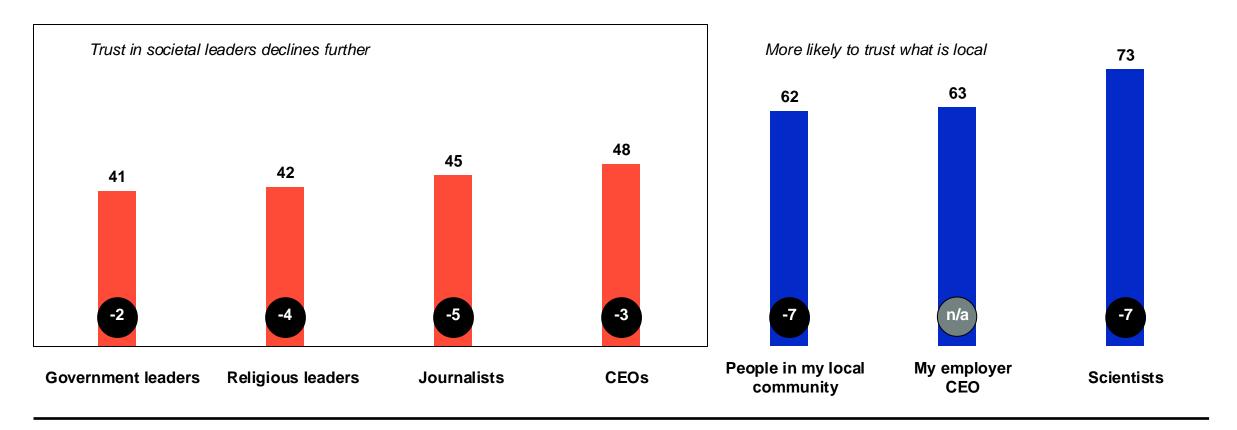
Change in importance since last year	Net change	More Important	Less Important
Improving our healthcare system	+62	70	8
Addressing <b>poverty</b> in this country	+53	62	9
Improving our education system	+53	62	9
Addressing climate change	+51	61	10
Finding ways to combat <b>fake news</b>	+50	60	10
Protecting people's individual freedoms	+50	59	9
Closing the economic and social divide	+48	58	10
Addressing discrimination and racism	+42	53	11



### SOCIETAL LEADERS NOT TRUSTED TO DO WHAT IS RIGHT

Percent trust

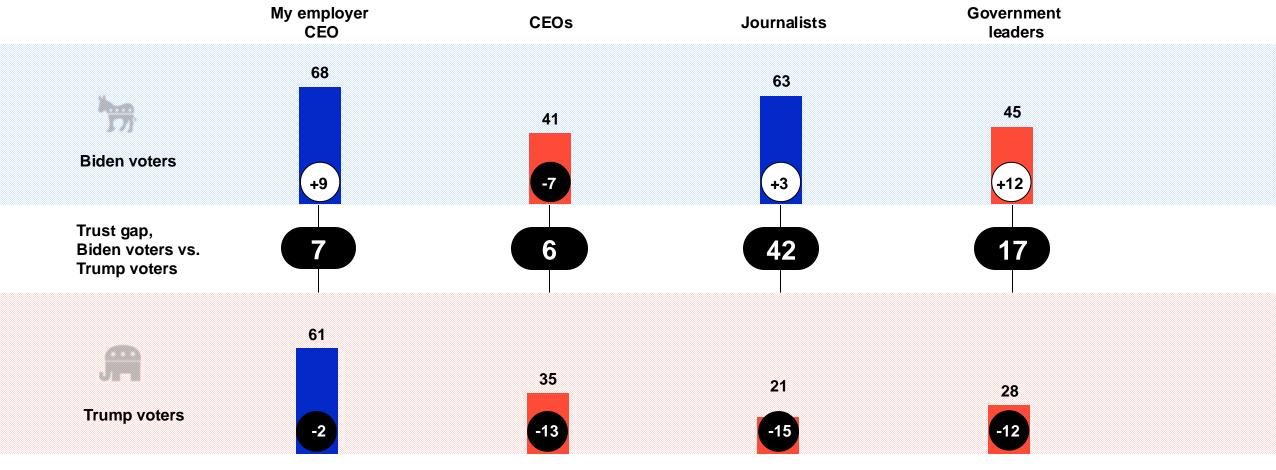




### EMPLOYER CEOS TRUSTED BY BOTH TRUMP AND BIDEN VOTERS

Percent trust among Biden and Trump voters in the 2020 U.S. Presidential election









### SOCIETAL LEADERS SUSPECTED OF LIES AND MISINFORMATION

Percent who worry

Our government leaders
are purposely trying to mislead
people by saying things they know are false
or gross exaggerations

57%

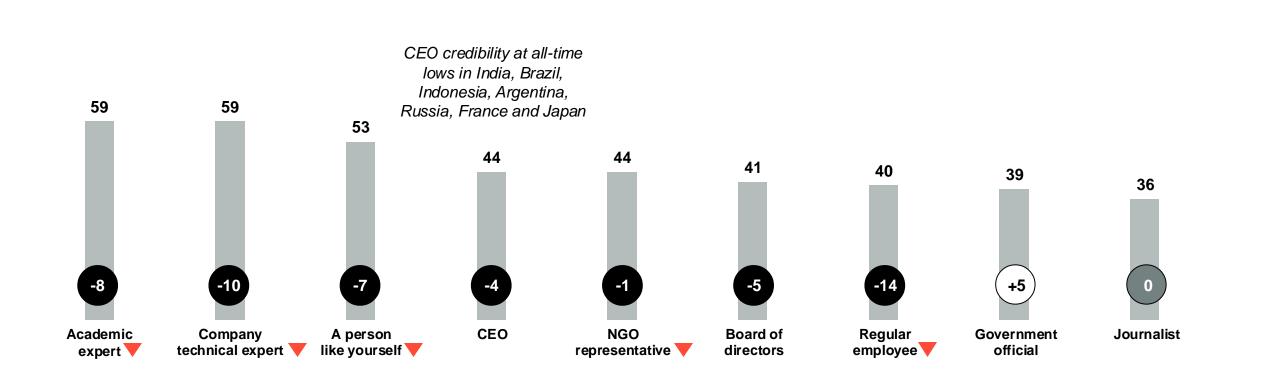
Business leaders
are purposely trying to mislead
people by saying things they know are false
or gross exaggerations

 $\perp$ 

56%

### SPOKESPEOPLE LOSE CREDIBILITY

Percent who rate each as very/extremely credible as a source of information about a company



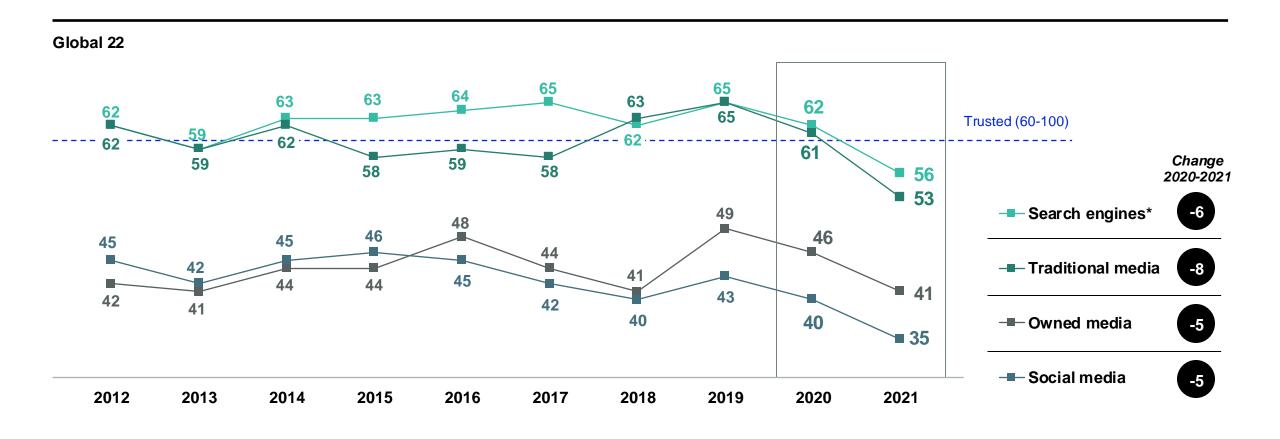
All-time low

Change, 2020 to 2021

NO VACCINE MY 300Y NEEDED MYCHOICE RAGING INFODEMIC FEEDS MISTRUST IMMUNE SYSTEM

### TRUST IN ALL INFORMATION SOURCES AT RECORD LOWS

Percent trust in each source for general news and information



**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** COM\_MCL. When looking for general news and information, how much would you trust each type of source for general news and information? 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half of the sample. General population, 22-mkt avg.



### **NEWS ORGANIZATIONS SEEN AS BIASED**

Percent who agree

Journalists and reporters are purposely trying to mislead people by saying things they know are false or gross exaggerations

Most news organizations are more concerned with supporting an ideology or political position than with informing the public

The media is **not** doing well at **being objective** and non-partisan

Global 24

61

Strongest agreement that media is not doing well in:

<u> </u>	
apan	80
. Korea	77
olombia	76
rgentina	75
aly	75
pain	73
razil	72
K	69
Nigeria	67
lexico	66

Global 27

59%

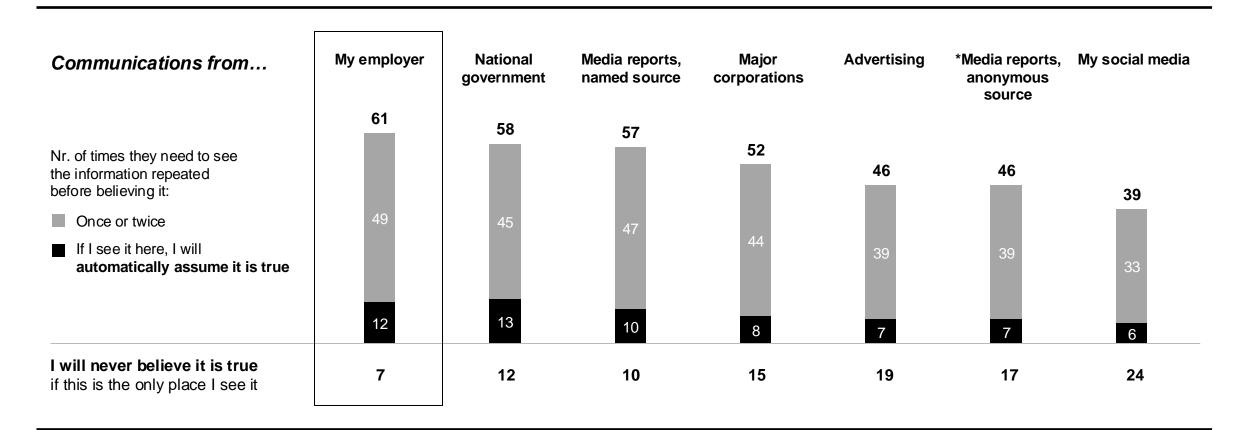
Global 27

59%

**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** POP\_EMO. Some people say they worry about many things while others say they have few concerns. We are interested in what youworry about. Specifically, how much do you worry about each of the following? 9-point scale; top 4 box, worry. Attributes shown to half of the sample. ATT\_MED\_AGR. Below is a list of statements. For each one, please rate how much you agree or disagree with that statement. 9-point scale; top 4 box, agree. Question asked of half of the sample. General population, 27-mkt avg. PER\_MED. How well do you feel the media is currently doing each of the following? Please indicate your answer using the 5-point scale below. 5-point scale; bottom 3 box, not doing well. Question asked of half of the sample. General population, 24-mkt avg. Data not collected in China, Russia, and Thailand.

### **EMPLOYER MEDIA MOST BELIEVABLE**

Percent who believe information from each source automatically, or after seeing it twice or less



**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** HEAR\_TIME1. When you see a new piece of information or a news story in each of the following information sources, how many times do you need to see it or hear it repeated in that same type of information source before you believe it is really true? Question asked of half of the sample. "Once or twice" is a sum of codes 2 and 3. General population, 27-mkt avg. "Employer communications" only shown to those that are an employee (Q43/1).



<sup>\*&</sup>quot;Media reports, anonymous source" excludes Canada and France.

# PRIORITIES SHIFT: MY INFORMATION LITERACY NOW MATTERS MORE

Change in importance since last year (more important minus less important)

**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** IMP\_VALUES. For each of the following, please indicate whether it has become more important to you, less important to you, or has stayed the same in importance, since last year. 5-point scale; top 2 box; more important; bottom 2 box, less important. Question asked of half of the sample. General population, 27-mkt avg. Net change is the difference between more and less important.

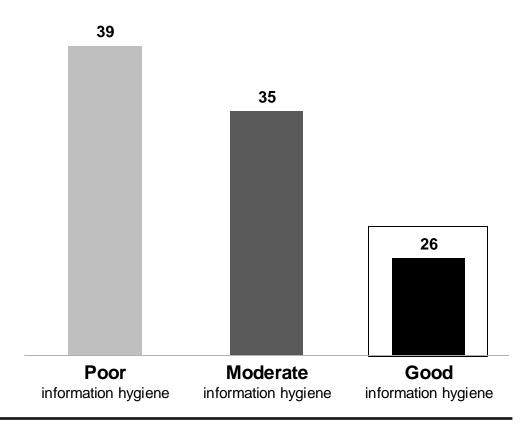
Change in importance since the start of the year	Net change	More Important	Less Important
Prioritizing my family and their needs	+56	64	8
Increasing my media and information literacy	+46	55	9
Increasing my <b>science literacy</b>	+43	52	9
Being politically aware	+39	51	12
Speaking out when I see the need for changes and reforms	+36	47	11

### ONLY 1 IN 4 HAVE GOOD INFORMATION HYGIENE

#### Percent in each segment

#### Information hygiene:

- 1. News engagement
- 2. Avoid information echo chambers
- 3. Verify information
- 4. Do not amplify unvetted information



**57%** of respondents share or forward news items that they find to be interesting

Of those, **only 29%** have good information hygiene



### VACCINE HESITANCY REMAINS A MAJOR HURDLE

Percent who say they will take the COVID-19 vaccine within the next year

Global 27

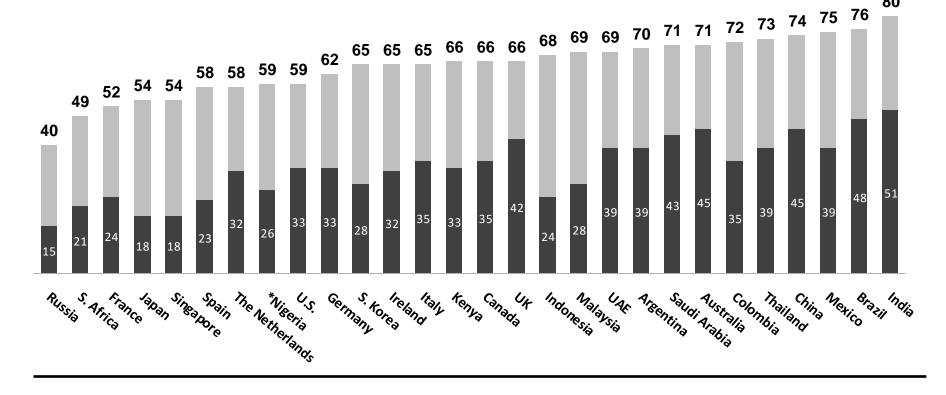


Willing to vaccinate...

31 Six months to one year

33 As soon as possible

Only 1 in 3 ready to take the vaccine as soon as possible







### PANDEMIC FEARS IMPEDE RETURN TO WORKPLACE

Percent who say each reason is why they are choosing to work from home vs. choosing to return to the workplace

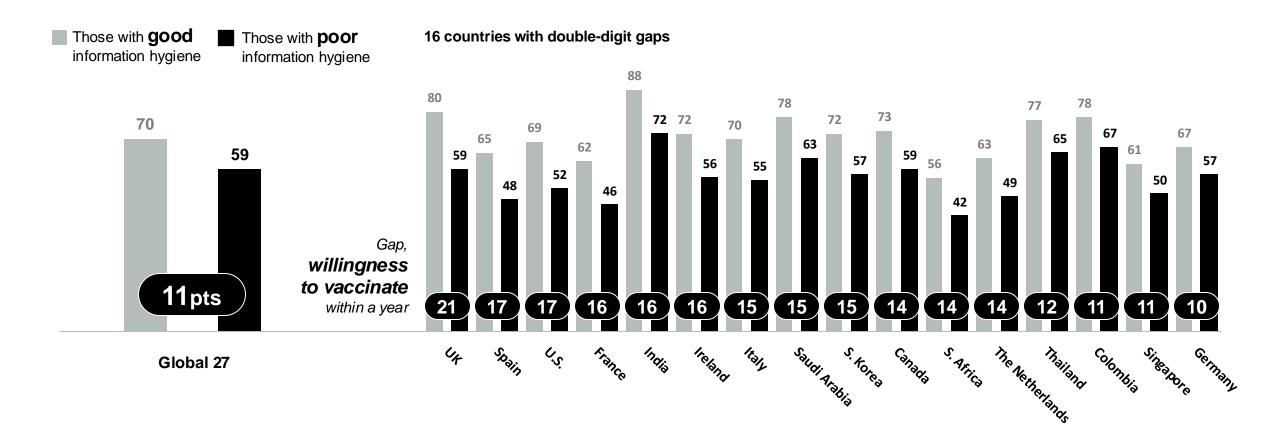


**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** WRK\_CHOICE. Which of the following best describes your current working situation? Question asked of those who are an employee (Q43/1). Data among employees that have a choice of working from home or their workplace. WHY\_HOME. Why are you choosing to continue working from home even though you could return to the workplace if you wanted to? Select all that apply. Question asked of employees that are choosing to work from home (Q43/1 AND WRK\_CHOICE/3). WHY\_OFFICE. Why are you choosing to work at an office or other workplace even though you could work remotely if you wanted to? Select all that apply. Question asked of employees that are choosing to return to their workplace (Q43/1 AND WRK\_CHOICE/4). General population, 27-mkt avg. COVID-19 risk while commuting / in office is a net of WHY\_HOME/2-3.



### POOR INFORMATION HYGIENE THREATENS PANDEMIC RECOVERY

Percent who say they will take the COVID-19 vaccine within a year





### BUSINESS EXPECTED TO FILL VOID LEFT BY GOVERNMENT

Percent who agree

#### **CEOs should step in**

when the government does not fix societal problems

#### CEOs should take the lead

on change rather than waiting for government to impose change on them

CEOs should hold themselves accountable to the public and not just to the board of directors or stockholders

 $\bot$ 

68%

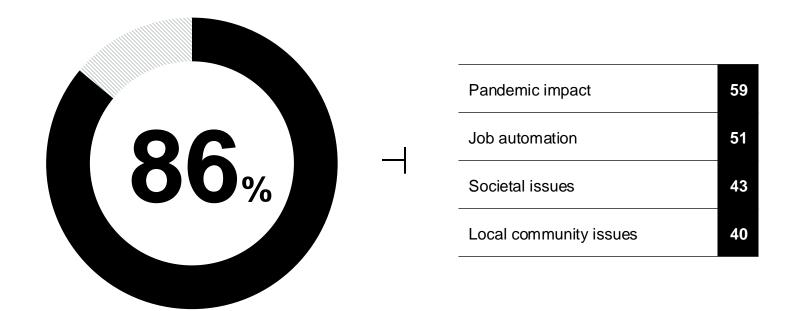
66%

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65%

### **CEOS MUST LEAD ON SOCIETAL ISSUES**

I expect CEOs to publicly speak out about one or more of these societal challenges



### BUSINESS GAINS THE MOST TRUST BY BEING A GUARDIAN OF INFORMATION QUALITY

Percent increased likelihood of trusting business associated with performing well on each action

When these actions are performed well	Increased likelihood of trust		
Guarding information quality	+5.8%		
Embracing sustainable practices	+5.7%		
Robust COVID-19 health and safety response	+4.8%		
Driving economic prosperity	+4.7%		
Long-term thinking over short-term profits	+4.6%		

# EMPLOYEE EXPECTATIONS SHIFT: SAFETY AND UPSKILLING MATTER MORE

Change in importance since last year (more important minus less important)

**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** EMP\_IMP\_VAL. When considering an organization as a potential place of employment, please indicate whether each of the following has become more important to you, less important to you, or has stayed the same in importance since last year. 5-point scale; top 2 box; more important; bottom 2 box, less important. Question asked of those who are an employee (Q43/1). General population, 27-mkt avg. Net change is the difference between more and less important.

Change in importance as an employer attribute since the start of the year	Net change	More Important	Less Important
Keep workers, customers safe	+49	59	10
Job skills training programs	+44	54	10
Regular employee communications	+44	54	10
Diverse, representative workforce	+39	50	11

# **CONSUMERS AND EMPLOYEES EXPECTED TO HAVE A SEAT AT THE TABLE**

Percent who agree







Consumers ...

Employees ...

have the power to force corporations to change

I am more likely now than a year ago to voice my objections to management or **engage in** workplace protest

# **EMERGING FROM INFORMATION BANKRUPTCY**

1

# **Business: Embrace expanded mandate**

CEOs must lead on issues from sustainability and systemic racism to upskilling. Act first, talk after. 2

# Lead with facts, act with empathy

Societal leaders must have the courage to provide straight talk, but also empathize and address people's fears.

3

# Provide trustworthy content

All institutions must provide truthful, unbiased, reliable information.

4

### Don't go it alone

Business, government, NGOs and others must find a common purpose and take collective action to solve societal problems.



# Freedom is the freedom to say that two plus two make four. If that is granted, all else follows.

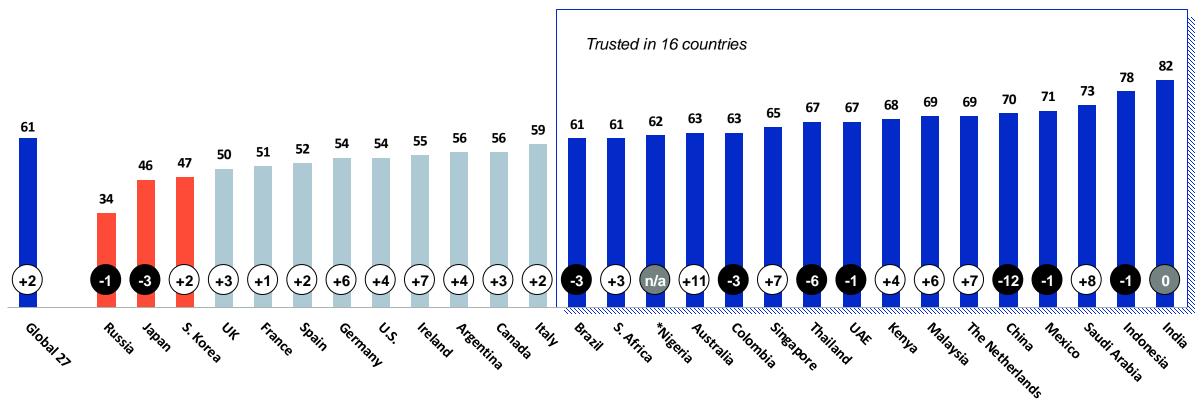
— George Orwell

# SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

# TRUST IN BUSINESS IN 17 OF 27 COUNTRIES

Percent trust





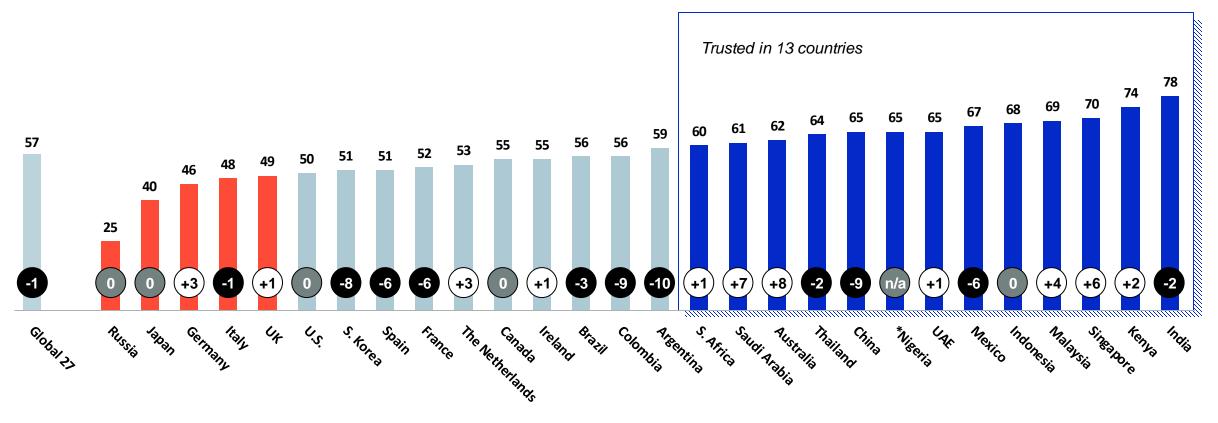




# TRUST IN NGOS DECREASES IN 11 OF 27 COUNTRIES

Percent trust





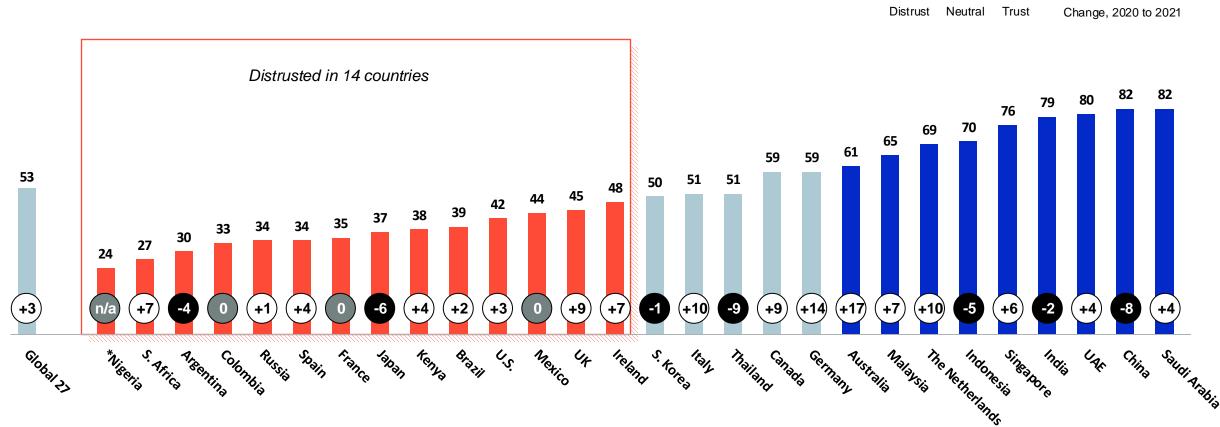
**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** TRU\_INS. [NGOs in general] Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 27-mkt avg.



<sup>\*</sup>Nigeria not included in the global average

# TRUST IN GOVERNMENT INCREASES IN 17 OF 27 COUNTRIES

Percent trust



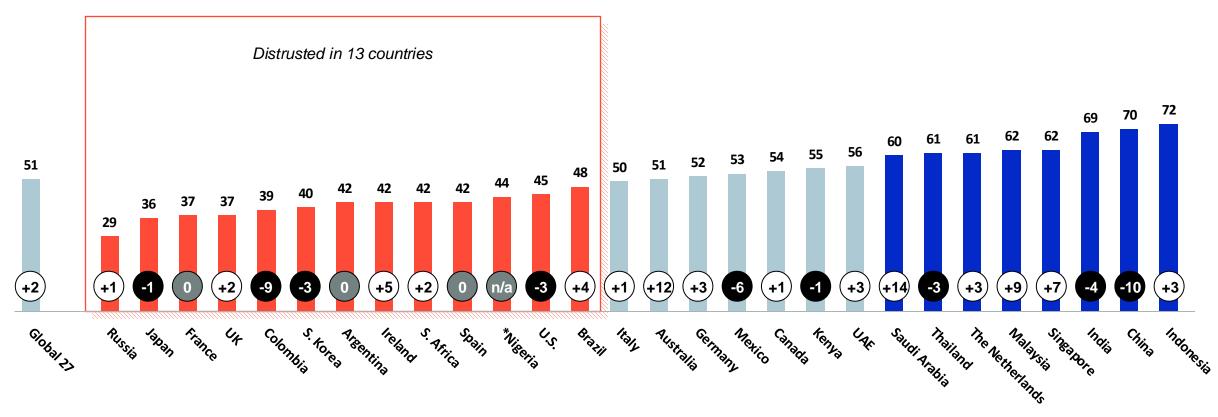
**2021 Edelman Trust Barometer.** TRU\_INS. [Government in general] Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 27-mkt avg. Due to a translation inconsistency in France, the 2021 government has been imputed using a model. For more details, please see the Technical Appendix.

<sup>\*</sup>Nigeria not included in the global average

# TRUST IN MEDIA INCREASES IN 15 OF 27 COUNTRIES

Percent trust





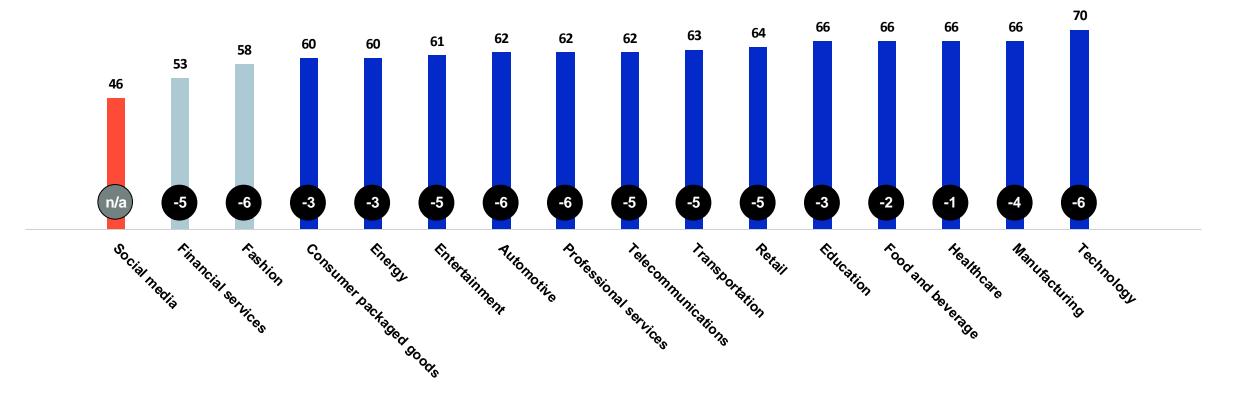


<sup>\*</sup>Nigeria not included in the global average

# TRUST DECLINES ACROSS SECTORS

Percent trust in each sector





# **INDUSTRY SECTORS OVER TIME**

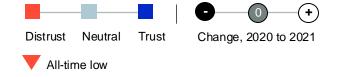
Percent trust in each sector

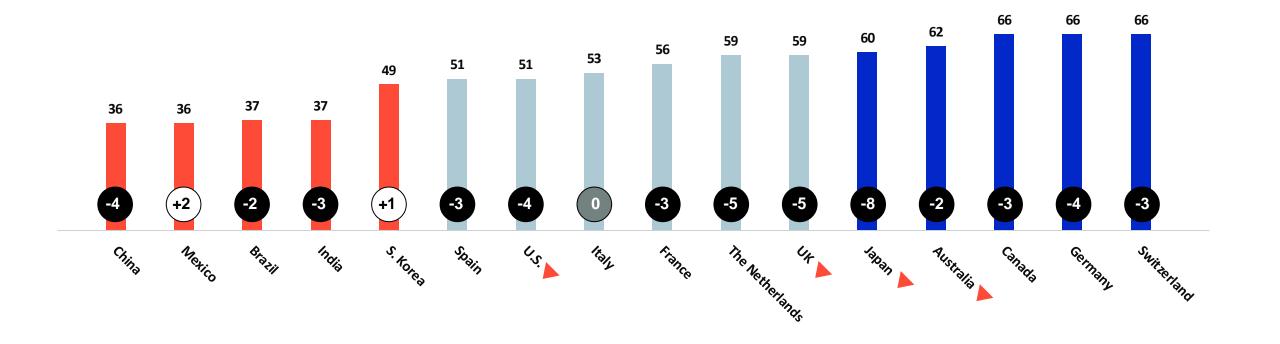


Industry	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	1 Tr
Technology	77	74	77	74	76	76	75	78	75	68	
Healthcare	-	-	-	-	64	67	65	68	67	66	
Food and beverage	64	64	65	64	65	68	64	69	67	65	
Telecommunications	59	61	62	60	61	64	64	67	65	61	
Automotive	63	66	70	67	62	66	63	69	67	60	
Consumer packaged goods	58	61	62	61	62	64	61	65	62	60	
Energy	54	58	57	57	59	62	63	65	63	59	
Entertainment	-	63	66	64	66	65	63	68	65	59	
Financial services	44	47	49	48	52	55	55	57	56	52	

# TRUST DECLINES IN 13 OF 16 COUNTRY BRANDS

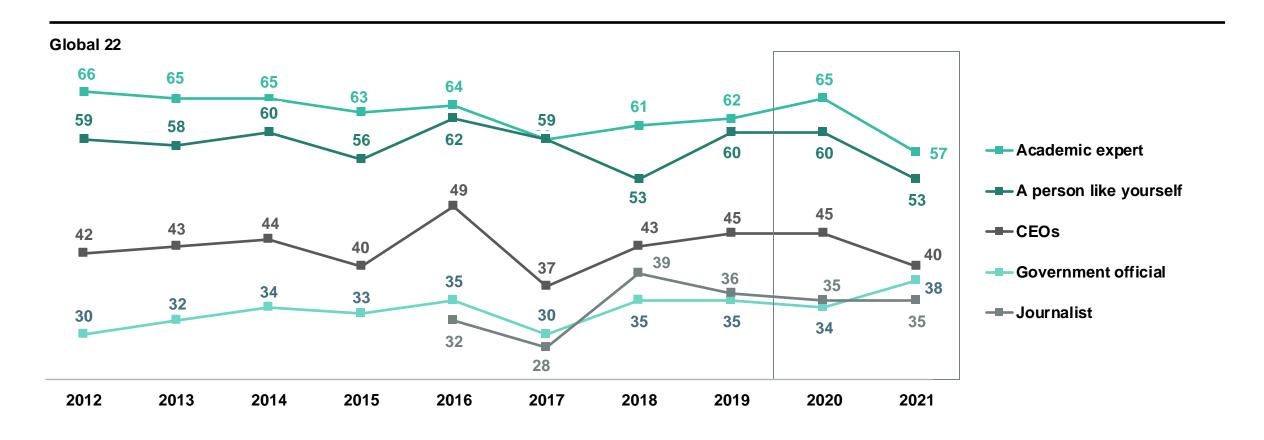
Trust in companies headquartered in each country





## SPOKESPEOPLE LOSE CREDIBILITY

Percent who rate each as very/extremely credible as a source of information about a company



# TECHNICAL APPENDIX

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# 2021 EDELMAN TRUST BAROMETER SAMPLE SIZE, QUOTAS AND MARGIN OF ERROR

		General Populati	on	Informed Public			
	Sample Size*	Quotas Set On**	Margin of Error	Sample Size*	Quotas Set On***	Margin of Error	
Global	31,050	Age, Gender, Region	+/- 0.6% total sample +/- 0.8% half sample	6,000	Age, Education, Gender	+/- 1.3% total sample +/- 1.8% half sample	
China and U.S.	1,150	Age, Gender, Region	+/- 2.9% total sample +/- 4.1% half sample	500	Age, Education, Gender	+/- 4.4% total sample +/- 6.2% half sample	
Nigeria	1,150	Age, Gender, Region	+/- 2.9% total sample +/- 4.1% half sample	100	Age, Education, Gender	+/- 9.8% total sample +/- 13.9% half sample	
All other countries	1,150	Age, Gender, Region	+/- 2.9% total sample +/- 4.1% half sample	200	Age, Education, Gender	+/- 6.9% total sample +/- 9.8% half sample	

NOTE: Questions that afforded respondents the opportunity to criticize their government were not asked in China, Russia and Thailand.

<sup>\*</sup> Some questions were asked of only half of the sample. Please refer to the footnotes on each slide for details.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For the general population, there were additional quotas on ethnicity in the UK and U.S., and on nationality in the UAE and Saudi Arabia.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> For the informed public, there were additional quotas on nationality in the UAE and Saudi Arabia.

# 2021 EDELMAN TRUST BAROMETER LANGUAGES AND INTERNET PENETRATION BY COUNTRY

The Edelman Trust Barometer is an online survey. In developed countries, a nationally-representative online sample closely mirrors the general population. In countries with lower levels of internet penetration, a nationally-representative online sample will be more affluent, educated and urban than the general population.

Languages	Internet Penetration*
-	83%
Localized Spanish	93%
English	87%
Portuguese	71%
English, French Canadian	94%
Simplified Chinese	59%
Localized Spanish	63%
French	92%
German	96%
English, Hindi	41%
	- Localized Spanish English Portuguese English, French Canadian Simplified Chinese Localized Spanish French German

	Languages	Internet Penetration*
Indonesia	Indonesian	63%
Ireland	English	92%
Italy	Italian	93%
Kenya	English	87%
Japan	Japanese	94%
Malaysia	Malay	81%
Mexico	Localized Spanish	67%
Nigeria	Localized English	61%
Russia	Russian	81%
Saudi Arabia	English, Arabic	92%

	Languages	Internet Penetration*
Singapore	English, Simplified Chinese	88%
S. Africa	English, Afrikaans	55%
S. Korea	Korean	96%
Spain	Spanish	93%
Thailand	Thai	82%
The Netherlands	English, Dutch	96%
UAE	English, Arabic	96%
UK	English	95%
U.S.	English, Localized Spanish	90%

# DATA ANALYSIS EXPLAINED: FRENCH DATA MODEL

In 2021, the translation of "government in general" in the French questionnaire was incorrectly changed to "authorities in general," affecting data in all studies conducted in France from 2021 to 2023. When we discovered the inconsistency in early 2023, we suppressed all affected data while investigating the possibility of modeling and replacing the missing data.

Over the course of 2023, we built a data model that could reliably predict what the France data would have been if the translation were consistent. This involved identifying items (shown in the list on the right) that are predictive of trust in government in other Western democracies and testing whether they had similar predictive power in France.

To build a model with a sufficient level of accuracy, we iterated through 5,000 different randomly split samples, controlling for gender, income, age, and other demographics, of France data collected in the 2024 Edelman Trust Barometer and in the 2023 Special Report: Trust and Climate Change. In both surveys, we used the accurate translation for trust in "government in general," along with the predictor variables. In both surveys, we also included the trust in "authorities in general" attribute for our French respondents. This allowed us to include the mistranslated variable in our model as one of the predictors for trust in government.

For each split sample, 75% of the sample was used to train the data, and the remaining 25% was used as a test group. Using a random forest classification model, we were able to accurately classify 89.41% of respondents as trusters or non-trusters, which gave us the confidence to repopulate the data in affected reports with data from our predictive model.

The modeled data was applied to the France data from each impacted year (2021, 2022, and 2023) to predict the overall level of trust in government in general. The Trust Index for those years has also been updated, given that trust in government is part of that calculation.

Predictors	Question text
	<b>TRU_INS:</b> Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right using a 9-point scale where one means that you "do not trust them at all" and nine means that you "trust them a great deal".
Trust in institutions	Media in general
	Business in general
	Non-governmental organizations (NGOs)
	Authorities in general
Economic optimism	<b>CNG_FUT:</b> Thinking about the economic prospects for yourself and your family, how do you think you and your family will be doing in five years' time
Government competence	TRU_3D_GOV: To what extent do you agree with the following statement?
	Government in general is good at what it does
Fears of gig- economy	<b>POP_EMO:</b> Some people say they worry about many things while others sathey have few concerns. We are interested in what you worry about. Specifically, how much do you worry about each of the following?
	Permanent jobs with benefits being replaced by freelance, gig-economy or short-terr jobs that do not offer benefits
	<b>GOV_PER_DIM:</b> In thinking about why you do or do not trust government in general, please specify where you think it falls on the scale between the two opposing descriptions.
Government	Highly effective agent of positive change
ethics dimensions	Honest and fair
	Has a vision for the future that I believe in
	Serves the interests of everyone equally and fairly

# HOW WE MEASURED INFORMATION HYGIENE

# To determine whether respondents practiced good information hygiene, we measured four dimensions:

- 1. Regular engagement with news: Do they stay informed?
- 2. Engagement with differing points of view: Do they avoid information echo chambers?
- 3. Information verification: Do they avoid assuming something is true simply because it supports their point of view?
- 4. Avoids spreading misinformation: Do they check information veracity before forwarding content to others?

# Each respondent's level of information hygiene was categorized based on their performance across the four dimensions:

- Good: Performs well on three or more dimensions
- Moderate: Performs well on any two dimensions
- Poor: Performs well on one or fewer dimensions

- 1. News engagement (does one or more of these several times a week or more)
- "Read, view or listen to news and information produced by major news organizations or publications at the original source" MED\_SEG\_OFTr1
- "Read news and information from major news organizations sent to me by others or pushed to me on a news feed, social network platform or application" MED\_SEG\_OFTr2
- "Read, view or listen to news and information put out by major corporations regarding important social and political issues and events" MED\_SEG\_OFTr16
- "Listen to podcasts or read newsletters or blog posts put out by independent individuals whom I
  trust to keep me informed about important issues, but who do not work for a news media
  company" MED\_SEG\_OFTr17
- **2. Avoiding information echo chambers** (must say they do one or more of these)
- "How often do you read or listen to information or points of view from people, media sources or organizations with whom you often disagree?" NEWS DIS (weekly or more)
- "When someone you know sends you some information that supports a position that you do NOT believe, which of the following do you typically do with it?" POS\_DIS (study thoroughly)
- **3. Verify information** (must say they do two or more of these)
- "Confirm that a news story is really true by looking across multiple information sources" MED\_SEG\_OFTr15 (several times a week or more)
- "When someone you know sends you some information that supports a position you believe, which of the following do you typically do with it?" POS\_BEL (use fact-checking sites and/or verify from people I know and/or go to original source material)
- **4. Do not amplify unvetted information** (must never do this)
- "Pass on news and information to others without first checking its accuracy or the integrity of the source" MED\_SEG\_OFTr18

### **2021 EDELMAN TRUST BAROMETER**

# HOW WE PLOTTED THE INSTITUTIONAL COMPETENCE AND ETHICS SCORES

The competence score (the x-axis of the plot): An institution's competence score is a net of the top 3 box (AGREE) minus the bottom 3 box (DISAGREE) responses to the question "To what extent do you agree with the following statement? [INSTITUTION] in general is good at what it does". The resulting net score was then subtracted by 50 so that the dividing line between more competent and less competent institutions crossed the y-axis at zero.

The net ethical score (the y-axis of the plot): The ethics dimension is defined by four separate items. For each item, a net score was calculated by taking the top 5 box percentage representing a positive ethical perception minus the bottom 5 box percentage representing a negative ethical perception. The y-axis value is an average across those 4 net scores. Scores higher than zero indicate an institution that is perceived as ethical.

### Respondents were asked:

In thinking about why you do or do not trust [INSTITUTION], please specify where you think they fall on the scale between the two opposing descriptions. (Please use the slider to indicate where you think [INSTITUTION] falls between the two extreme end points of each scale.)



DIMENSION	ETHICAL PERCEPTION	UNETHICAL PERCEPTION
Purpose-Driven	Highly effective agent of positive change	Completely ineffective agent of positive change
Honest	Honest and fair	Corrupt and biased
Vision	Has a vision for the future that I believe in	Does not have a vision for the future that I believe in
Fairness	Serves the interests of everyone equally and fairly	Serves the interests of only certain groups of people

### **2021 EDELMAN TRUST BAROMETER**

# HOW WE CALCULATED INCREASED LIKELIHOOD TO TRUST BUSINESS

Respondents were asked to evaluate the performance of business as an institution against a variety of behavioral expectations. These performance scores were then incorporated into a discrete choice analysis to determine which behaviors, if done well, would provide the greatest boost to trust in business.

The top five performance drivers of trust, defined in terms of marginal effect on likelihood to trust associated with doing that behavior well, are displayed on the slide.

### Respondents were asked:

How well do you feel business is currently doing each of the following? Please indicate your answer using the 5-point scale below where 1 means the institution is "failing at this" and 5 means the institution is "doing this very well".

### Full list of behaviors examined (top 5 highlighted in bold)

- Meeting your overall expectations for how they should be responding to the health and public safety aspects of the COVID-19 pandemic
- Meeting your overall expectations for how they should be responding to the economic consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic
- 3. Partnering with other organizations and societal institutions, even if they might be competitors, to mount the strongest and most effective responses possible to our societal challenges
- Stepping in to fill leadership voids and policy gaps left by government
- 5. Doing everything they can to ensure the safety and wellbeing of our people and communities
- Identifying and addressing systemic inequalities, unfair treatment, and prejudices within society and in the business world
- 7. Shaping our culture for the better by inspiring positive change in how we see and treat ourselves and each other
- 8. Developing new solutions to help address our country's problems
- Working to benefit their employees, customers, and local community, in addition to their owners and shareholders
- 10. Putting people before profits
- 11. Being the guardian of information quality, working to ensure that only true, verified information is being shared and circulated
- Driving the economic prosperity of our country
- 13. Working to ensure that our workers have the skills necessary to be competitive in the global job market
- 14. Investing in the local communities where they are headquartered or have large production facilities/offices
- 15. Taking a long-term perspective when making business decisions versus focusing on short-term profits
- 16. Embracing sustainable practices across their business

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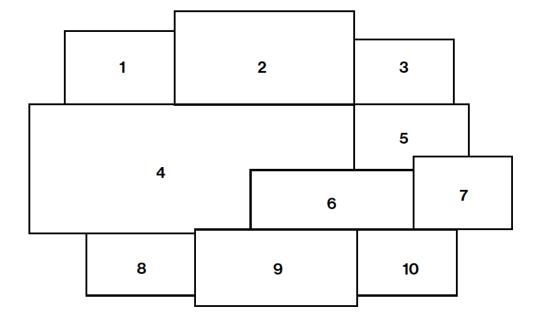
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1 Freight Trucks Stopped In Operation Stack On M20 Motorway: Andrew Aitchison/Getty Images 2 Joe Biden and Running Mate Kamala Harris Deliver Remarks In Delaware: Drew Angerer/Getty Images 3 Frances Gogh receives the first of two Pfizer/BioNTech Covid-19 vaccine jabs: Victoria Jone/Getty Images 4 Trump Supporters Hold "Stop The Steal" Rally In DC Amid Ratification Of Presidential Election: Samuel Corum/Getty Images 5 Albert Bourla, CEO Pfizer, attends the 48th annual meeting of the World Economic Forum, WEF, in Davos, Switzerland: Gian Ehrenzeller/AP 6 YOOX Net-A-Porter Offices, London, United Kingdom. Architect: Grimshaw, 2017: Anthony Weller/View Pictures/ Getty Images **7** Due to Covid-19 pandemic closing announcement on a shop window in a shopping mall: *Annie Japaud/Getty Images* **8** Stock market or forex trading graph in graphic concept: Berkah/Getty Images 9 March On Washington To Protest Police Brutality: Drew Angerer/Getty Images 10 Shoppers in Beijing During Golden Week Holiday: Bloomberg/Getty Images

### On the cover



### **DIVIDER IMAGE CREDITS**

### Slide 4 Pandemic Puts Trust to the Test

People wear face masks as they wait at Hankou Railway Station on January 22, 2020 in Wuhan, China: Getty Images

### Slide 13 Pandemic Further Fuels Fears

Indian paramilitary troopers wearing a protective suit distribute free food for migrant laborers during a government-imposed nationwide lockdown on the outskirts of Srinagar: Tauseef Mustafa / AFP via Getty Images

### Slide 18 Crisis of Leadership

U.S. President Donald Trump speaks in the briefing room at the White House on November 5, 2020 in Washington, DC. Votes are still being counted two days after the presidential election as incumbent Trump is in a close race against challenger Democratic presidential nominee Joe Biden, which remains too close to call: Chip Somodevilla / Getty Images

UK Prime Minister Boris Johnson speaks and takes questions during a press conference in Downing Street regarding the coronavirus outbreak, on March 9, 2020. in London, England: Alberto Pezzali / WPA Pool/Getty Images

Andres Manuel Lopez Obrador, Mexico's president, speaks during a news conference at the National Palace in Mexico City, Mexico, on Wednesday, Nov. 25, 2020. Lopez Obrador reiterated Wednesday that hell wait until the U.S. presidential election process is fully concluded before he congratulates a winner: Cegarra / Bloomberg via Getty Images

President of Brazil Jair Bolsonaro and Health Minister Nelson Teich speak during a press conference to announce Teich as newly appointed Health Minister amidst coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic at the Planalto Palace on April, 16, 2020 in Brasilia. President Bolsonaro has fired outgoing Minister of Health Luiz Henrique Mandetta over differences in coronavirus strategy. Brazil has over 30,000 confirmed positive cases of Coronavirus and 1942 deaths: Andressa Anholete / Getty Images

### Slide 24 Raging Infodemic Feeds Mistrust

A protester holds a placard during the Irish Freedom Party an anti-vaccination and anti-lockdown rally outside the Custom House, on day 39 of the nationwide Level 5 lockdown. On Saturday, November 28, 2020, in Dublin, Ireland: Artur Widak / NurPhoto via Getty Images

### Slide 30 High Stakes for Public Health and the Economy

Local response to Coronavirus is felt on a street-by-street level as restaurants, shops and small businesses are closed up with their shutters pulled down on Ladypool Road in Birmingham, England: Mike Kemp / In Pictures via Getty Images

### Slide 34 A New Mandate for Business

Female cashier working at supermarket attending a woman customer. Woman wearing protective face mask sitting at grocery store checkout counter during covid-19 pandemic talking with a customer. Luis Alvarez via Getty Images